WEATHER

Local thunder showers Monday; Tuesday, partly cloudy.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

LET THE Advertising in this newspaper help you when you need goods or service—it is a guide that leads to Satisfaction.

VOL. XCVIII—NO. 102 WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1916 WHOLE NUMBER 39,630

WASHINGTON, D. C. LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

TOWN OF FRICOURT HAS FALLEN TO THE BRITISH

French Forces Have Captured Curlu—Allied Offensive Against the Germans, Which Commenced Saturday, Proceeded All Through Sunday Without Any Diminution, and With Steady Advance at Certain Points, Paris and London Claim.

APPROXIMATELY TEN THOUSAND GERMANS HAVE BEEN TAKEN PRISONER SINCE SWEEPING MOVEMENT BEGAN

Formidable Resistance is Being Made by Germans, Although Berlin Admits Gains for the Enemy—There is Much Aerial Activity—Petrograd Claims Further Success Against Austrians—Italians Pushing Offensive in Trentino.

All through the night the great British and French offensive which began Saturday morning in the Somme and Ancre sectors continued with intensity, and there was no diminution in the battle on Sunday. Both British and French war offices report a steady advance at certain points, but speak also of the formidable German resistance.

Fricourt, an important town three miles east of Albert, has fallen to the British arms, while the French have taken Curlu, which lies to the southeast. The fighting at the southern end of the British line, where it is in contact with the French, is of the fiercest nature, tremendous artillery actions preceding all the infantry attacks.

Nearly 10,000 Prisoners.

The French have taken six thousand prisoners, according to the latest estimates, while the British, though reporting the capture of 3,500, later declared that the estimates were too low. Owing to the nature of the battle it is not doubted that the casualties are very high.

Notwithstanding the terrific offensive against them in the Somme river region, the Germans have not ceased in their efforts around Verdun. They have bombarded several of the Verdun sectors and have launched infantry attacks against the French trenches. While Berlin declares that the French attacks against the famous Thiaumont works were repulsed by curtains of fire, the French war office announces that this strategic position has been recaptured by the French forces and is held by them.

Germans Admit Losses.

Referring to the Anglo-French drive, the German official statement says that at several points of the first line trenches along the Somme the enemy forces gained success and were able to advance. A German division in this sector had to be withdrawn, and material in the first line, which was immovable and which had been rendered useless, was lost.

In connection with the operations now going on, aerial activity was marked. There have been many air fights, and Berlin reports that eight British and three French machines were brought down within the German lines and that four others also were shot down. The British admit that three of their machines are missing.

Russians Continue Drive.

Additional successes are recorded by Petrograd, the official communication announcing that Austrian positions west of Kolomea in Galicia have been takn by storm after intense fighting, with the capture of 2,000 prisoners. The Austro-Germans in Volhynia are making desperate counter attacks, while in other sections of the Russian front there are constant artillery and infantry engagements in which neither side seems to have made any notable gains.

The Italians are pushing their strong offensive in the Trentino, and indeed, along almost the entire Austro-Italian front of the Italians are forcing the fighting, probably part of the concerted plan of the Entente Allies to press matters to a decision at all points.

FRENCH CONTINUE DRIVE THROUGHOUT THE NIGHT

Paris, July 2.— Throughout last night the French continued their drive, capturing the village of Curlu, of which they already occupied the outskirts, and progressing south of the Somme between Herbecourt and Assevillers.

In addition to the military successes, the Terrain overrun by the entente allied troops has an exceptional strategic importance. Four of the towns captured by the French are only seven miles west of Peronne, the chief rail highway from the German center at Cologne to the German front in the region of Noyon and Soissons.

Peronne is Threatened.

The German headquarters is at St. Quentin, 25 miles southeast of Peronne. Already the French forces threaten Peronne with the evident purposes of cutting the trunk railway there which is an indispensable artery for German military reinforcements.

The speed of the advance of the entente allied troops is taken as showing that the perfection of artillery preparations exceeded anything yet done in the destruction of field works. Infantrymen of both allied armies leaped out of the trenches at the word of command, with cries of joy, with cheers and with the singing of the Marseillaise and Tipperary.

The concrete sheltered machine guns that has stopped the French in Artois and in the Champagne had all been demolished here and it was chiefly man against man, with rifle and bayonet, at which style of fighting, the officers say, the French and British both showed superiority, rushing over the ground with such rapidity that in an hour and a half from the moment the first order was given the German first line had been carried over the largest part of the 25 mile front.

Desperate Fighting Around Verdun.

Desperate fighting continues around Verdun, and, although this field of action is separated by nearly 100 miles from the fighting in the north, Verdun is considered part of the vast military plan now unfolding.

The French now have taken the aggressive at Verdun, today's report showing an attack on Dead Man's Hill, with heavy German losses and the taking of prisoners by the French. The French are thus keeping the Germans fully occupied at Verdun and are preventing them from sending reinforcements to relieve their weakened line in the north.

On the other hand the Germans pride themselves with being able finally to take Verdun and are concentrating their effort in the south.

Paris Maintains Calm.

The French public and the press are following the great offensive with intense interest, but without excitement. Paris maintains the same calm as it did during the battle of the Marne, and accustomed crowds today filled the boulevards and there were eager throngs around the bulletin boards.

A correspondent at the front in describing the character of Dom Pierre, says the soldiers of one corps taking example from their commander, went into battle covered with flowers.

"That," said a general pointing to a carnation in his buttonhole, "will fade yonder where the Germans are now." The correspondent continues. "Two regiments covered themselves with glory in the fight for Dompierre which had been transformed by the Germans into a veritable fortress. In the face of a fire from the machine guns that had survived the bombardment intact, they rushed the positions with such impetuosity that the gunners were captured before they had time to put their quick-firers into action.

Fighting in the Streets.

"In the streets of the ruined village there was furious hand to hand fighting. Of the German garrison defending the town, not one man got away. When it was over, 140 bodies lay on the ground. The survivors were prisoners.

"The battle flag of one regiment, riddled with bullets, was carried into the village at the head of the first company.

"Two Scotch regiments in the region north of the Somme went over three lines of German trenches without a halt, stopping only inside the village of Montaban where they put several hundreds Germans to the bayonet and took prisoner the entire staff of a regiment."

FRENCH TAKE 5,000 GERMAN PRISONERS SOUTH OF ARRAS

Paris, July 2.—In the fighting south of Arras yesterday the French took prisoner 5,000 Germans, according to the official statement issued today by the French war department.

In the course of the night, French troops captured the village of Curlu, about seven miles southeast of Albert.

A heavy German counter attack upon the village of Hardecourt, 1.8 miles north of Curlu was repulsed, the statement adds. After repeated assaults the Germans there were obliged to retreat in disorder.

On the right bank of the Meuse in the region north of the fortress of Verdun, Thiaumont work was retaken by the French yesterday after changing hands five times, the announcement says. The positions were heavily attacked by the Germans in the night, it is added, but without success. The official statement issued today says:

"North of the Somme the battle continued all day in our advantage in the region of Hardecourt and Curlu. East of this latter village we have carried a quarry which had been powerfully organized by the enemy.

"South of the Somme we have obtained a footing in the second line of the German trenches at numerous places. Between the river and Assevillers, the village Frize has fallen into our hands an dalso the Mereaucourt wood, further east.

"The number of unwounded prisoners captured by the French soldiers during the two day's fighting, and who have been counted, is more than 6,000, of which at least 150 were officers. Some cannon and much other material also

(Continued on Page Eight).

Deposits made today in Savings Department of the American Bank & Trust Company will draw 4 per cent. compound interest from July first.—adv.

ANGLO-FRENCH ARE COMBINING FORCES

Consolidating Lines in Offensive Opened Saturday Morning Against the Germans.

TEUTONS STERNLY RESIST

However, the Entente Allied Forces, After Weeks of Silent Preparation Sweep Forward All Along the Line.

British Headquarters in France, Saturday, July 1, (via London, July 2.)—The close of the first day's offensive over the longest front the Entente Allies have attempted, and the most extensive action of the war for the British finds both the British and French consolidating their forces south of the Ancre river, where the infantry swept forward, Curlu was captured by the French and Montuban and Mametz were taken by the British with almost unbroken success, though against heavy curtains of fire and delays due to stubborn resistance at some points and particularly for the British from a German trench called "Dancing Alley."

Word came back that the destruction by artillery of the first line trench was so complete that one British battalion occupied it with the loss of a single man.

The Germans in their defensive tactics in many instances left the first line trench lightly held, and then shelled it when occupied by the British, but the British carried on the fight to the second line.

The Germans in large force fought fiercely north of the Ancre. At Gommecourt and Beaumont-Hamel there was a terrible fight with intensity of action, with every method of destruction—like Verdun, with the Germans as defenders.

When the attack was made in the morning the mist in the valleys made it difficult for the infantry unit to keep in touch with each other, or the gunners to follow their advance, but a brilliant sunshine continued through the day with clear air and summer heat.

This afternoon at four o'clock the village of Thiepval was still being desperately held by the Germans. The place was visible to the observers before the British opened another artillery attack which seemed to be churning it to dust, making it impossible for any human being to survive even in the strongest redoubt. The British mortars also were busy, the projectiles glinting under the un as hundreds of them followed one another, like a juggler tossing shining globes, into the vortex of fire.

Infinite cars and pains had been taken to keep secret the preparations for the great offensive and the section of line where the big push was to be made. For many weeks the work went on, with silence required on the part of all officers, but most of them were so limited to their own areas that they did not know what was happening in the others.

At all the messes, including the officers', the subject was barred from discussion, although all knew. The only spoken references took place at consultations. Battery emplacements were constructed and batteries were placed in position and troops were marched up at night with no lights. The soldiers and company officers only understood thatt hey were expected to leave their trenches at a certain time with a certain objective.

Before the action General Sir Douglas Haig moved his temporary headquarters nearer the front, where the chiefs of his staff departments were at call and reports from all sections came promptly by telegraph and telephone, which carried his instructions back to the front, while he was also in touch with French headquarters by telephone.

With the attack, beginning at 7:30 in the morning, by 8 o'clock the staff had reports as to whether the definite units had already held the first line of German trenches or were advancing beyond. So it was known how far each had carried out the part assigned to it. Difficulty in keeping up communications through the curtains of shell fire and making observations through the smoke were not the smallest items of the preparations. During the bombardment The Associated Press correspondent made a most picturesque journey, working his way forward through transport and reserves on the march to a high point, and had a view of the shelling in the darkness which was probably the most terrible display of fireworks in all times.

Far in the distance those flashes in quick succession are the French 75's on the hills above the Somme. Other flashes of the same kind far to the north are the British field guns. Nearby, the small calibres make singly sharp flashes from their muzzles, and the big calibres larger ones, as the missles go swishing through the dewy night air aid burst in balls of expanding flame. A flaming sheet is laid across a ridge and that is the barrage fire of the German guns anticipating a British attack. A long billowing glow as of phosphorescent mist—and that is the spray of high explosives from the stokes mortars sent from behind the British onto the German trenches. Sheets and chains of man-made lightning show trees and buildings, or ruined walls, in weird silhouettes.

As set pieces the German flares slowly rise with dependable steady illumination between the trenches. Green and red and other signal lights add to their variety until the eyes ache and sensations are numbed with the thought of the struggle that is proceeding.

So swift is the ambulance transport that some British wounded may already be in London.

Prisoners are being brought in in groups as they are gathered from the dugouts not destroyed by artillery fire.

(Continued on Page Eight).

MANY THOUSANDS TAKEN PRISONER

British Troops Have Occupied Fricourt, While the French Have Captured Curlu.

HEAVY GERMAN RESISTANCE

Various Points of Tactical Value Taken by the Allies North of the Somme—Berlin Admits Success for the Enemy.

London, July 2. — The official British despatch today reports the success of the combined Anglo-French offensive. The Germans put in operation strong counter attacks during the night, and are apparently making desperate resistance, but the British troops have occupied Fricourt, and the French have captured Curlu, and have seemingly nowhere had to yield the ground already gained.

The German lines in some places have been penetrated to a depth of two miles and the prisoners taken by the French and British in the two days number many thousands.

North of the Somme, where the French and British armies make contact various points of tactical value have been taken. The Allied struggle is to extend the hold over the rolling plateau of from 300 to 500 feet high, which stretches around Albert. At Fricourt, Contalmaisson and Gommecourt the Germans made a most desperate resistance to defend the high road from Arras to Bapaume and Peronne, and which is one of the main arteries of the western operations.

The German official report generally confirms the success of the first day's British operations, admitting the withdrawal of the Germans from their first line trenches and the abandonment of heavy material therein.

The British public still displays the same quiet enthusiasm and confidence, fully understanding that no great drive like that carried out by the Russian commander, General Brussiloff, is possible against the depth, strength and rail power of the formidably organized German front, and that great sacrifices and possible setbacks must be prepared for. Many regrets are heard that Kitchener had not lived to see the results of his work. This is the first great battle in which the military legions he created are being put to the test.

Kitchener's armies have virtually replaced the first small expeditionary force sent under Field Marshal French, which had to sustain the earlier battles of the war. It is also the first time that a great offensive has been carried out under well organized, co-ordinated military strategy, not on the western front alone, but over the whole field of operations, and confidence is felt that the Allied commanders have no intention to risk reckless sacrifices of life for a mere spectacular advance. As one correspondent writes:

"There is no longer an attempt to pierce, as with a knife; but a slow, continuous, methodical push, leading to the day when the enemy's resistance will crumble at some point."

GENERAL BUSINESS THE COUNTRY IS GOOD

Reserve Board Says Outlook for Next Month is Excellent.

Reports From Southern Reserve Districts Show That Money is Plentiful and Demand for Labor in Excess of Supply.

Washington, July 3.—General business conditions continue good and the outlook for next month is excellent according to official reports of the Federal Reserve Board made public tonight in the Board's monthly statement. Crops are reported better than normal in most sections, industries are said to be working to capacity and further increases are noted in building construction. From nearly every Reserve District, there is a call for more labor with wages mounting.

The Richmond report says that in spite of cold and dry weather, market gardening along the seaboard is in a better condition comparatively than for several years, cotton mills are running on full time, collections are satisfactory and the demand for labor is in excess of the supply. Money is plentiful in the Atlanta district and cotton conditions are favorable, although the fields are in need of sunshine. The corn crop is the best in years.

In the Boston district buying has been exceptionally heavy and manufacturers are months behind their orders. The boot and shoe industry is most prosperous, cotton mills are running over time, and the dry goods business is better than a year ago.

New York reports reassuring signs of a needed change to a more conservative outlook in commerce, industry and banking. The production of pig iron for May was 3,351,073 tons, a new high record. Freight congestion has been somewhat relieved.

A uniformly favorable condition in

(Continued on Page Eight).

Deposits made today in Savings Department of the American Bank & Trust Company will draw 4 per cent. compound interest from July first.—adv.

NO CHANGE IN THE MEXICAN SITUATION

No Word Yet Received as to When Carranza Will Reply to the American Demands.

ANOTHER RAID BY BANDITS

General Bell Reports on the Fort Hancock Raid—Mobilization of State Troops is Proceeding Without a Hitch.

Washington, July 2.—Sunday brought no important developments here in the Mexican crisis. The only official dispatch received during the day, aside from routine reports, was a message from General Funston transmitting information reaching General Bell at El Paso regarding the Mexican raid near Fort Hancock. It said that raiders took two horses last night near old Fort Early, Texas, and escaped into Mexico. An investigation was in progress and General Bell said he would take any necessary steps. The order to American commanders to follow into Mexico any hot trail they find remains unchanged.

Neither the State Department nor the Mexican embassy had a word as to when Carranza's reply to the American demands awaited by President Wilson with some impatience, might be expected.

There seemed little probability that the Washington government would consider further action until late in the week. The House will not reassemble until Wednesday, having adjourned over the Fourth of July. While the administration could take any necessary defensive steps in the event that General Pershing's column was attacked, no aggressive movement would be undertaken until after President Wilson had advised Congress of his purpose and definite authority had been granted.

Officials profess complete ignorance as to the time President Wilson is willing to wait for General Carranza's reply.

The War Department issued a brief official statement today regarding the good progress being made in National Guard mobilization.

"Mobilization of the National Guard is proceeding without a hitch," it said. "Large parts of the guard have already entrained for their destination and the muster of the remainder is proceeding as rapidly as possible."

Secretary Baker said he did not know how many thousand Guardsmen already had reached the border. There is reason to believe, however, that upwards of 30,000 will have been added to the border guard within the next two or three days. During the last 24 hours regiments from Maryland, Missouri, Wisconsin, Kansas and Pennsylvania have entrained, according to War Department reports.

General Bell reported to the War Department tonight that Mexican Consul Garcia at El Paso had promised aid and protection for the party that will be sent to bring back the bodies of the American troopers killed at Carrizal. Arrangements for this were being completed, General Bell said, adding that the mission would be entrusted to a party of Mexicans.

The Department announced tonight that the National Guard units that have reached the border are being supplied with machine guns.

FIFTY THOUSAND MILITIAMEN NOW IN MOBILIZATION CAMPS

New York, July 2.—Approximately 50,000 National Guardsmen from the states in the Department of the East are now in mibilization camps awaiting orders and equipment, Major General Wood announced. It is expected, he said, that 35,000 from his department would be in the field by the end of the week. Already at the border or on their way there are 24,028 state troops. These men are divided by states as follows: New York 5,643; Massachusetts 5,437; New Jersey 4,056; Pennsylvania 3,398; Connecticut 2,221; Maryland 1,165; Maine 1,039; Vermont 888; Rhode Island 181.

Movement of militia units will be much slower from now on, General Wood said, but he announced that the remainder of New York's cavalry contingent would be sent south at once.

SIXTY-FOUR REFUGEES FROM MEXICO REACH PHILADELPHIA

Tell How They Were Lined Up and Robbed by Carranza Soldiers.

Philadelphia, July 2.—Sixty-four refugees, including a score of women and children, arrived here today from Mexico on board the oil tank steamer Ardmore. Many were penniless and told how they had been lined up on the deck of the vessel and robbed of their money and valuables by Carranza soldiers. A. R. Blankship, who owned a large cattle ranch in the state of Pueblo, said he was relieved of $13,961. Before leaving his ranch which he had owned since 1882 all his cattle were stolen by bandits, he declared.

Employes of the Pennsylvania Mexican Fuel Company, which operates a large oil plant at Tuxpam, declared that notices announcing a state of war between the United States and Mexico were posted throughout the neighborhood of Tuxpam ten days before they sailed. Four Mexican women who are married to Americans were among the refugees.

The Ardmore sailed from Tampico on June 24 and left Tuxpam a few days earlier.

Memphis, Tenn., July 2.—More than fifty players are expected to compete in the championship tournament of the Southern Tennis Association which will begin tomorrow at the Memphis Cuntry Club. The finals will be reached Saturday.

TWO CAVALRY TROOPS CROSS THE BORDER IN PURSUIT OF BANDITS

Few Head of Horses and Cattle Taken in Raid in the Vicinity of Fort Hancock.

RAIDERS ARE NOT CAUGHT

American and Mexican Sentries Stationed at Nogales Have Exchange of Shots.

WARNING TO AVOID CLASH

Mexicans May Make Effort to Hinder Placing of Militiamen.

San Antonio, Texas, July 2. — Captain Leroy Eltinge, with two troops of the Eighth cavalry, today searched the country on the Mexican side of the river, opposite Fort Hancock, Texas, for bandits, who yesterday fled back into Mexico, after raiding the American side. Late today it was reported he had returned to the American side of the river, having lost the trail of the raiders.

Eight Mexicans in Party.

The best information obtainable indicated there were eight Mexicans in the raiding party, which drove off a few head of horses and cattle yesterday from a ranch 54 miles southeast of El Paso. Lieut. Hardy with only part of one troop followed their trail to a point where it ended at the river, and Captain Eltinge, several hours later, arrived with two troops from El Paso to make an investigation and to continue the pursuit if he considered it advisable. He was instructed not to precipitate a clash with Mexican troops if it could be avoided.

Sentries Exchange Shots.

All reports received at General Funston's headquarters indicated nothing more exciting along the International line than the exchanging of shots between sentries at Nogales. Apparently no early offensive by the concentrated forces of the Mexicans in front of General Pershing's positions was contemplated.

All officers commanding the troops along the 1,700 miles of border are cautioned to avoid clashes with the Mexican troops that face them, but the recurrence of such incidents as that at Nogales has caused staff officers to fear that something may happen at any time that may serve as the basis for further complicating the situation.

Fire of Incendiary Origin?

Unofficial reports that a fire at Pharr, Texas, today was of incendiary origin found credence at army headquarters. Army men would not be surprised if dynamite and fire were used more or less extensively at different points along the border, to hamper the movement of the guardsmen.

More than 10,000 National Guardsmen tonight were either at border stations or so near that they could be moved right to the line within a few hours. It was believed that by Wednesday the entire movement would be more than half completed.

Eight American consular officers, who have been removed from their posts in Mexico and who are being held here by the State Department, have sent messages into their districts urging all the Americans to leave the country. They acted under orders from the State Department.

NINE BATTERIES OF FIELD ARTILLERY TO GO IN CAMP

New York, July 2.—Nine batteries of National Guard field artillery have been ordered to the training camp at Tobyhanna, Penn., and the Virginia and New Jersey batteries reached there today. In addition there will be one battery from Baltimore and six from Connecticut.

Many National Guard units in the eastern division have asked that regular army officers be detailed to their commands and about 20 officers have been recommended for such service. These officers will be appointed by the President and will have temporary rank, their regular army rank not being interfered with during their service in the Guard.

NATIONAL GUARDSMEN REACH EL PASO BY THE TRAINLOAD

El Paso, Texas, July 2.—National Guardsmen by the trainload reached El Paso today. While many unloaded for stations in the vicinity, the great majority were rushed on to points westward, to complete concentration on the frontier. The military men say at the present rate of transportation all points along the border soon will be strengthened to a degree that will make impossible Mexican forays on American soil.

The Second Massachusetts infantry, which detrained here yesterday, was ordered to the expeditionary base at Columbus, to reinforce the regiment of New Mexico Guardsmen and the 15,000 regulars there.

At military headquarters it was said the redistribution of the border patrol would be pushed as rapidly as possible.

General Bell announced today that he employed a corps of local undertakers to go to Carrizal to bring here the bodies of the American soldiers killed in the engagement there. The

(Continued on Page Two).

HALF BILLION FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE

This is About One-Third of Total Appropriations by Congress at Present Term.

BIGGEST SUM IN HISTORY

House Ready to Take up $210,000,000 Revenue Bill, Which May be Passed Saturday—Senate Somewhat Behind.

Washington, July 2.—Congress is preparing to complete its programme of financial preparedness with every indication that appropriations this session will aggregate more than a billion and a half dollars, at least half a billion of which will be for National defense.

According to estimate based on figures compiled by Chairman Fitzgerald, of the House Appropriation committee, and increases put into pending measures by Senate committees, the grand appropriation total may reach $1,650,000,000, exceeding by more than $500,000,000 the record of an previous Congress.

Last week Representative Fitzgerald submitted a statement to the House showing that the grand total for the present Congress, based on bills passed and pending, would reach nearly $1,500,000. Since then the Senate Naval committee has added nearly $50,000,000 to the Naval bill and the Military committee has increased the $182,000,000 army appropriation measure by approximately $100,000,000.

The principal appropriation measures awaiting Senate consideration are the army and navy bills. As amended in committee they carry $282,000,000 and $315,828,845, respectively, and together with the fortifications bill, which has passed both houses, would appropriate for national defense more than $622,000,000. There is every indication that the Senate will accept the major part of the proposed army and navy increases but conference probably will pare some of them down.

The Senate plans to take up the naval bill as soon as the agricultural bill is out of the way, probably within a few days. The big building programme for 1917 and the provision for a three-year construction policy probably will mean a debate of several weeks. Meantime the army bill will come from committee and an effort may be made to pass it as soon as it is ready, setting aside the naval bill temporarily.

With its work on appropriations nearing completion, the House is ready to take up the $210,000,000 revenue bill introduced yesterday. It is expected to come up Thursday under a special rule and to be passed Saturday. Then the House will be marking time waiting for the Senate to catch up. Besides several of the big supply measures, the Senate has the shipping bill, the child labor bill, the $2,000,000 militia relief measure, conservation measures, the immigration bill and many minor matters to dispose of.

If there is to be an adjournment in time for the political campaign, Congress leaders believe some of the measures of the President's legislative programme must be sacrificed, probably the immigration and conservation measures.

CLOSE, BITTER STRUGGLE OVER THE ENTIRE FRONT

German Prisoners Say the Attack Had Been Expected For Days.

London, July 3.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from British headquarters in France, describing the fighting of the last two days, says that a close, bitter and intensive struggle was engaged in over every furlong of the front, which had been fortified during 17 months by every device known to modern warfare.

"The highest tribute to the successful onrush," says this account, "was the undoubted fact that the Germans were in no degree taken by surprise. According to prisoners the attack had been expected for some days. The bulk of the enemy's reserves were certainly brought up to the support and reserve trenches and the men in the trenches were everywhere ordered to hold out to the death.

"Great efforts were made by the Germans to forward a plentiful supply of ammunition to the trenches on the firing line but our continuous, highly organized and well directed artillery fire made this either difficult or impossible.

"Prisoners asserted that they had received nothing to drink for three days and that they had also been very short of food. The strain was too much for many of them and some jumped out of their trenches at the same moment that our men left theirs and stood in a row holding up their hands.

"Such incidents might give an inaccurate idea that the enemy surrendered easily. The truth is that in villages, however batered, and in field forts they organized their defense with the highest skill and obstincy."

Charlotte, N. C., July 2.—Fire this afternoon at Bynum, N. C., destroyed the J. M. O'Dell Manufacturing Company's yarn mill, valued by the company at $100,000, covered by $70,000 insurance. The fire was caused by lightning. The cotton warehouse and the lapper room were saved.

Deposits made today in Savings Department of the American Bank & Trust Company will draw 4 per cent. compound interest from July first.—adv.

ENTENTE FORCES ALL ALONG FRONT ADVANCE

French Have Already Taken Over Five Thousand Prisoners.

Franco-British Offensive Was Expected For Over a Week But Point of Attack Was Kept Secret. Germans Surprised.

Paris, July 2.—Reports today from the battle of the Somme, long expected as a critical if not the decisive stage of the war, show that the Entente forces are sweeping forward along a 25 miles front. The French already have taken more than five thousand prisoners, while the allied lines have envoloped within the last 24 hours nine villages and 50 square miles of French territory held until now by the Germans.

The great Franco-British offensive was expected and eagerly awaited in the last ten days, but the exact point where the blow was to be delivered was carefully concealed. It was believed that it would be north of Arras, with Lille for the objective, but it was finaly decided for strategic, rather than sentiment grounds, to execute the move north of Arras at a point where the piercing of the line would operate more seriously in the dislocation of the German forces.

The theatre of the British forces runs between Goomecourt, north of the river Ancre, to a point just north of Somme, while the French attacked on both sides of the Somme and southward toward Roye.

Thus the Entente Allied armies present a front of 25 miles, with the British on the left for 15 miles and the French on the right for 10 miles.

The region of this supreme contest is one favorable for military operations. It virtually all is within the department of the Somme, which is a level plateau of chalky formation.

The fighting lines extend between a great number of small villages which are usually devoted to textile industries, while the outlying agricultural sections are level fields chiefly devoted to beet culture.

The intense bombardment of the last four days was the signal for an advance over these level fields, beginning at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The Entente Allied artillery then lengthened the range so as to shut off all communication between the first German line and the German reserves in the rear. This made it impossible for the Teutons to utilize their perfect organization for the shifting of troops and for bringing up of reinforcements. It is thought by French military observes that the Germans miscalculated the intentions of the Entente Allies and expected the attacks further to the north.

The villages which the French captured in the first sweep includes Dompierre, Becquincourt, Bussus and Fay, and these and the towns taken by the British—Montauban and Mametz—were all found to have been strongly fortified by the Germans.

The Entente Allies, profiting from the experience in the war, quickly threw up strong earthworks around the villages thus taken, in order to protect them against counter attacks. It was not before night, however, that the Germans were able to deliver any counter attacks. This was centered against the French position on the outskirts of Hardecourt and it was repulsed with heavy losses, ending in a precipitate retreat.

TO CELEBRATE THE FOURTH.

First Week of July to be Important One at Summer School.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., July 2. — The first week of July will in many respects be the most important week of the session. Tuesday will be a holiday, and all will join in celebrating the Fourth of July in a worthy manner. The afternoon pageant of 11 scenes, taken from North Carolina Colonial history, will probably be the climax of the day's celebration. Prof. M. C. S. Noble will deliver the Fourth of July oration.

The week, from Wednesday to Sunday, will be taken by the Country Life Institute, and a program brimful of attractive topics and studies has been provided. It represents a thorough-going effort to make a comprehensive study of the many problems be setting rural life, and will suggest means for the enrichment and enlargement of country life and its many activities. The plan to be followed is modeled closely after that laid down in the University Extension Bulletin on Country Life Institutes, which was published this week. The program committee has brought together many of the best authorities in the State on country life problems.

TOBACCO MARKET TO OPEN

Buying Will Commence in Kinston on August 15th.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., July 2.—The local tobacco market will open Tuesday, August 15, it was announced last night. The tobacco board of trade declined to accept a proposition from out-of-town tobacconists to delay the opening until September 1. Greenville and Wilson will also start the season on the 15th of next month, it is believed here. There will be five warehouses, including a new one just erected on East Lenoir avenue, to do business on the local market. The crop in the Kinston section is a little short, according to warehousemen's reports. They say there has been too much rain.

SITUATION ON BRITISH FRONT REMAINS UNCHANGED

British Headquarters in France, July 2 (11:35 a. m.)—Since last evening the situation on the British front appears to have undergone no change. A strong German counter attack in the course of the night on oMntauban, five miles east of Albert, was repulsed with heavy loss to the attackers. The British troops are in excellent spirits.

Kinston, N. C., July 2.—The completion of the local record paving programme during the next three months will call for the issuing of nearly $400,000 worth of bonds, say municipal officials. A buyer has already contracted for the entire lot. When the last yard of asphalt is laid about 125 blocks, varying in width from 50 to 60 feet, will have been paved, as well as more than a score of miles of sidewalks.

"TANLAC HAS BEEN A GOD SEND FOR MRS. J. THOMAS"

Declares Well Known Wilmington Contractor in Telling What Master Medicine Has Done For His Wife.

John Thomas, well-known contractor of this city, is among the more recent of Wilmingtonians to publicly offer approval of Tanlac's superlative merits as a reconstructive after having given this new medicine time to prove itself.

Mr. Thomas offers his indorsement of Tanlac because he is grateful for the relief his wife has gained through it. His story, as told recently to the Tanlac Man:

"Mrs. Thomas was in a general run-down condition—resulting from nervous indigestion—for quite a while. Even though she was treated by physicians and had tried not a few of the so-called remedies she continued in ill health. Almost continually, she has to take purgatives, before starting on Tanlac. Too, her sleep was broken and pains often attacked her around the heart and left side. After eating—though her appetite was limited—gas would form and cause bloating and terrible distress. Her sufferings were such that she could barely stand the weight of clothes.

"Then, because Tanlac was so well recommended by people right here in Wilmington, she started on it. She has finished the full treatment—six bottles—and the results are little less than marvelous. Gas accumulations have vanished; she no longer suffers from pains around her heart, or in her left side; she sleeps sound, and is generally stronger than for years.

"There is no other remedy to my way of thinking that compares with Tanlac as a reconstructive tonic. I feel that it has been a Godsend to my wife, and I cheerfully recommend it to others."

Genuine Tanlac is sold in Wilmington only at the Bellamy Drug Store, where the Tanlac Man explains its merits daily to men and women. C. L. Halstead sells it in Burgaw; A. N. Rhodes & Co., Rocky Point; J. L. Southall, Magnolia; Watson's Pharmacy, Southport; G. W. Kirby, Supply; Bradham Drug Co., New Bern. Each town has a Tanlac druggist.—adv.

TWO CAVALRY TROOPS CROSS THE BORDER IN PURSUIT OF BANDITS

(Continued From Page One).

undertakers will go into Mexico under personal guarantees of safety from General Obregon, Mexican minister of war.

The terrific heat that greeted the arriving Guardsmen today kept most of them under cover. The word went out that following their arduous trip from the cool Atlantic coast region to the burning mesas of western Texas the soldiers should take things easy. The result was that there were few prostrations.

The mounts oft he cavalry detachments suffered greatly from the long trip and the heat. It will take many days to get the horses in trim again.

CORPORAL COOKE ASSERTS THE MEXICANS FIRED FIRST

El Paso, July 2.—Corporal Cooke, another survivor of the Carrizal fight, who arrived at Juarez today, in addition to telling of his adventure since the battle with the Mexicans under General Gomez, added his statement to that of other survivors that the Mexicans fired the firsts hots of the engagement. He also quoted Captain Boyd as saying that just before the commander gave orders to his men to advance:

"The general has given orders that there is only one way for us to go and that is to the north. My orders are to go to Villa Ahumada to the east and I am going there."

In previous stories Captain Boyd's mission has been explained to have been the recovery of a deserter at Villa Ahumada. Captain Boyd also, Cooke said, cautioned the Mexicans against firing first and against letting any piece go off accidentally under pain of heavy punishment.

After escaping from the fight at Carrizal, Cooke said he wandered without food and with a broken right arm for four days, lived several days more on the hospitality of Mexican ranchers, and then pushed out alone for the American base, only to be captured at a water hole. He was brought into Villa Ahumada yesterday afternoon and put on a train in the evening for Juarez. Despite his American uniform and bandaged arm his appearance caused no hostile demonstrations in Villa Ahumada and not even curiosity in Juarez. Mexican officials said this statement was confirmed by Cooke.

"I was shot down in the very beginning of the fight," said Corporal Cooke.

"I crawled back, with my arms dragging, to a ditch and slipped down into it. There I met Corporal Queen. The corporal undid his emergency bandages and bound up my arm. I then went back to where the horse holders had been and couldn't find anybody. So I struck out for the place where we had camped the night before.

"I didn't then even know the place of the fight was named Carrizal. I saw only five men who had been shot down, but some one said Captain Boyd was killed. The number killed and captured is a surprise to me.

"I reached our old camping ground about 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon and stuck around there until 8 o'clock at night, expecting my command to assemble there. No sir, I didn't intend to surrender. I intended to get back to our base at Federico.

"For four days I wandered around, trying to work my way back the way we came. But I got on the wrong trail. I did not get a bite to eat these days and had hard work finding water. Of course I did my traveling at night and hid in the mesquite in the day.

"I got so weak from loss of blood and my arm, swollen and painful, and no food that finally, while I was looking for water I sa wa Mexican at a well watering mules, and, believe me, he looked good even if he was a Mexican.

"On my wanderings I had picked up a Mexican clay water bottle and the first thing I did at the well was to empty the bottle six times. When the Mexican got over his astonishment, I made signs for 'chow' so he led me over to the ranch.

"There were five men, three women and five kids in the house and the women gave me some beans. Afterward I slept. They treated me just as nice as if I had been on eof their own soldiers. They knew about the fight but I could only point to my arm and say 'Villa Ahumada.' I stayed about four or five days. During that time the Mexicans bathed my arm in hot water and reduced the swelling, but I wanted a doctor to set the bone. So I struck out again across the desert.

"After crossing about five miles of desert my water ran out, so I turned back and at last went down to a water hole. While I was drinking a Carranza cavalryman came up and led me back to a ranch. We were about 12 miles below Villa Ahumada, I then learned. We rode over to the town where they kept me in the military quarters until the Juarez train left. I came up to Juarez with the soldier and a couple of Mexican families in a box car. The soldier and all the Mexicans I met treated me kindly."

Cooke enlisted from New York city six years ago. His return reduces the number of American dead or missing at Carrizal to fourteen.

ANOTHER SURVIVOR OF THE CARRIZAL FIGHT LOCATED

El Paso, Texas, July 2. — Another survivor of the Carrizal fight was located today. He is Corporal F. X. Cooke, of K troop, Tenth cavalry, who was brought into Juarez this afternoon from Villa Ahumada and placed in prison.

General Gonzales, Juarez commander, wired General Trevino, at Chihuahua City, for instructions, and it is probable Cooke will be turned over to the American authorities tomorrow.

TROOPS UNDER CAPTAIN ELTINGE RE-CROSS BORDER

Fabens, Texas, July 2.—American troops, which crossed the Rio Grande into Mexico near Fort Hancock late yesterday afternoon in pursuit of Mexican raiders, re-crossed the river today, the trail having been lost, according to a report received here. Three troops of cavalry under Captain Leroy Eltinge pursued eight Mexicans who raided the old post at Fort Hancock and escaped with several head of government horses.

FIRST GROUP OF WOUNDED ARRIVE FROM BRITISH FRONT

London, July 2.—The first group of wounded from the British front in France arrived at Charing Cross Station this evening. An enormous crowd assembled at the station and the police had considerable difficulty in obtaining passage for the Red Cross vehicles through the cheering flag-waving people.

"Everything possible seemed to have been thought of beforehand," said a wounded officer, "and for weeks we have been having rehearsals of every movement. We were all ready for the charge by 6 o'clock but the artillery, which had been pounding all night, continued the argument for an hour. Then the bombardment slackened and our pulses quickened as we realized our moment was at hand.

"The preliminary signal went down the line and a few moment later came the command to go forward. Our fellows hopped over the parapets and tore across the uneven ground to where the first line of the German trenches used to be. As a matter of fact those trenches had ceased to exist. They were battered to bits.

"We did not literally charge the enemy's advance trenches. There was nothing to charge! What we did charge, however, and capturing quickly, were our own shell holes behind the German trenches. They were huge holes where our shells had dropped during the week and in these holes the Germans awaited us with machine guns. As we approached they turned the guns on us.

"Some of our fellows carried bombs and hurled them into the holes as soon as they got within reasonable range. But we did not finish them all in that way. There did not happen to be a bomber handy everytime a machine gun out from a shell hole so our lads, instead of waiting for some one with a bomb, just charged the holes. Often with a whoop on their lips, they took flying leaps into the holes.

"It was a thrilling affair while it lasted. A dozen or perhaps a score of men would converge on a hole and take a leap almost simultaneously. The next moment the hole was filled with a struggling mass of British and German humanity while the guns of course were silent."

BOISE MAY LOSE HOT WELLS

Earthquakes Affect Flow and Might Shift Stream of Hot Water.

(Boise (Idaho) Dispatch to Chicago Herald.)

Citizens of Boise, who for the past quarter of a century have taken special pride in their natural hot water for the heating of houses, public buildings and business blocks, have just been made to realize that this unique treasure hangs on a slender thread.

Slight earthquake tremors were felt in this vicinity recently, and investigation made since by experts in the interest of the water company lays bare the ever-present possibility of the total loss of the hot artesian flow or a tremendous increase as the result of the next tremor or shock.

Twenty yearsag o a well in Hull's Gulch, a few miles above Boise, was spouting a lusty stream of water boiling hot. Later, when pumps were installed in the wells on the bench just outside the city limit sto increase the supply of hot water for city consumption, this well in Hull's Gulch, a few miles away, quit flowing altogether.

It remained thus dormant all those years until the earthquake shock was felt in the fall. Since then it has been spouting as of old, while there has been no decrease noted in the flow of the wells lower down. The accepted theory has been that these wells are all fed from the same stream, and that this stream is thrown out from some tremendous su bterranean cauldron far below the surface of the earth.

Scientists differ as to the source of the heat. By some it is attributed to internal gases. Others adhere to the theory of radio-activity.

JUDGE PEEBLE'S FUNERAL.

Held Saturday Morning at Hillsboro. Many Floral Tributes.

Hillsboro, July 2.—The funeral of the late Judge Robert Bruce Peebles was held from St. Matthew's Episcopal church yesterday morning at 11:30 o'clock. The service was impressively read by the Rev. A. S. Lawrence, rector of the parish. Judge Peebles was laid to rest in the old church yard by the side of his wife, who preceded him to the grave a numbers of years ago.

The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. Designs were sent by several legal associations as well as by many individuals. That from the bar and county officials of Northampton county was especially handsome, the words "soldier," "patriot," and "jurist" being wrought out in the piece.

KODAK

Makes a Sane Fourth.

There's good fun every minute in picture taking, and afterward the fun in the pictures themselves.

Kodaks from $6.00 up, Brownie cameras $1.00 to $12.00. At your Dealers.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

KODAKS

GET YOUR KODAK FILM FOR THE FOURTH

A Fresh Supply in All Sizes, Rolls and Packs, Just Received. Afterwards We Will Finish Them for You or Sell You the Material to do Your Own.

C. W. YATES COMPANY

OVERHAUL LUMBER PLANT.

J. W. Burroughs to Manage Fair—Other New Bern News.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New Bern, N. C., July 2. — The saw mill department of the local plant of the John L. Roper Lumber Company was closed down last night for a period of ten days, during which time the plant will be thoroughly overhauled and put in tip top condition.

Effective today with the men now employed in the plant, and effective with those employed in the saw mill, when they return to work, there will be an increase of five per cent. in their remuneration.

Right after the European war began there was a ten per cent. cut made all around in the wages of the Roper Lumber Company's employes. Five per cent of this was put back on some time ago and the full amount has now been put back on the men's wages.

June may be the "month of brides" in some sections, but such was not the case in Craven county. A report compiled today by Register of Deeds Stephen H. Fowler shows that during the entire month only fourteen marriage licenses were issued and the majority of these went to colored couples.

For the past few months the marriage license business in Craven has dwindled down and there has been a gradual decrease every month.

Mr. J. W. Burroughs, formerly of Durham, but who has been making New Bern his home for some time, was last night selected by the Executive Committee of the Eastern Carolina Fair Association as the secretary for the Fair during the present year, succeeding Mr. George Green, who has held the place for the past few years.

Mr. Burroughs, who has had considerable experience in the capacity as secretary of fairs, will assume his new duties at once, and will begin to get in readiness for the approaching event.

HEAVIEST TRAVEL OF SEASON

More Than Three Thousand Passengers Handled to Beach Yesterday.

Yesterday witnessed the heaviest travel of the present season to Wrightsville Beach, more than three thousand people having been handled by the suburban cars during the day and night. The weather was intensely warm in the city and many people grasped the opportunity of getting a breath of fresh air, taking a dip in the surf or enjoying the cool verandas at Lumina where two excellent concerts were given afternoon and evening by Don Richardson's orchestra.

The people from the city in their exodus to the beach were joined by 750 excursionists who came on the various railroads from out of town, returning in the evening. The large crowd was handled with dispatch, notwithstanding the disabling of a car on the 2:15 trip from the city and the 5:45 trip from the beach. The disabling of the cars, however, did not seriously throw the cars off schedule.

It is expected that the peak of the travel to the beach will be reached between the first and 15th of July and already many guests are arriving, especially from Atlanta and other points in Georgia. Many came in on the Seaboard Air Line Saturday and still others on the noon train which reached here yesterday over the Seaboard.

Deposits made today in Savings Department of the American Bank & Trust Company will draw 4 per cent. compound interest from July first.—adv.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

FIRST OF THE SEASON

NATIVE SPRING LAMB. CHOICE VEAL, PORK AND BEEF. FRESH VEGETABLES, ALL KINDS.

DAVIS & HINTZE

FRONT STREET MARKET.

GRAND

David Belasco, the Dramatic Genius of the Twentieth Century, Presents

MAE MURRAY

In an Imperishable Photo-Dramatic Version of

"Sweet Kitty Bellairs"

A Story of Lovely Womanhood and Chivalrous Man.

A PARAMOUNT PICTURE.

Adults 10c - Children 10c

BIJOU

L-O-O-K

WHO'S HERE?

WARREN KERRIGAN

In a Great Three-Reel Gold Seal Dramatic Gem

"The Melody of Love"

Animated Weekly

The Latest From Mexico—and Everywhere Else

SEE THEATRICAL COLUMN.

Baseball
Boating
Yachting
Angling

SPORTS

Motoring
Aeronautics
Tennis
Golf, Etc.

INDIANS TAKE THREE OF FOUR-GAME SERIES

St. Louis Browns Are Defeated in Five-Inning Contest.

Tigers Lose Their Fourth Straight Game to the White Sox—Cobb and Jenning Put Out of Game in the Seventh.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.
At Chicago, 1; Detroit, 0.
At Cleveland, 3; St. Louis, 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.
Boston at Philadelphia.
New York at Washington
Detroit at Cleveland.
St. Louis at Chicago.

STANDING O FTHE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	39	26	.600
Cleveland	38	28	.576
Chicago	35	29	.547
Washington	35	30	.538
Boston	34	31	.523
Detroit	34	34	.500
St. Louis	29	38	.433
Philadelphia	17	44	.279

Chicago, July 2. — Detroit lost its fourth straight game to Chicago today, when the visitors were defeated one to nothing in a twelve-inning pitchers' battle between Covelskie and Russell.

In addition, the visitors lost the services of Tyrus Cobb and Manager Jennings, through the agency of Umpire Nallin. Cobb was up in the seventh inning and with the call two and three on him the umpire called the next one a strike. Cobb addressed a few remarks to him and threw his bat into the grand stand. At the spot where it struck no spectators were seated, having withdrawn a moment before on account of a drizzling rain. Manager Jennings came to the rescue of his player, whereupon each was banished.

Russell was only saved from defeat by the brilliant fielding of Eddie Collins and spectacular catches of foul balls by Schalk. Rain was intermittent throughout the playing, at one stage time being called, for what was almost a cloudburst.

Detroit	.000 000 000—0	4	1
Chicago	.000 000 001—1	5	1

Covelskie and Baker; Russell and Schalk.

Cleveland, O., July 2. — Cleveland made it three out of four from St. Louis today by winning three to two a five-inning game, cut short by rain and darkness. In the last half of the fifth, with the locals one behind, Roth, batting for Klepfer, tripled, scoring two men.

St. Louis	.001 10—2	4	1
Cleveland	.000 12—3	4	0

Davenport and H. Chapman; Klepfer and O'Neill.

MINOR LEAGUES.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION
At St. Paul 2-1; Kansas City 5-0.
At Louisville 2-5; Indianapolis 0-4.
At Minneapolis 0-9; Milwaukee 2-12.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE
At Montreal-Buffalo, rain.
At Toledo 7-8; Columbus 6-1.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION
At Nashville 3; Atlanta 2.
At Memphis 7; New Orleans 1.

COLORED TEAMS TO PLAY

Games on New Diamond Scheduled for Monday and Tuesday Afternoons.

Two interesting games of baseball will be staged on the colored baseball grounds at Thirteenth and Ann streets, on July 4. The grandstand has been completed and affords a very convenient shelter from the hot sun. The diamond has been fixed up in first class shape.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock the Kinston team will play the Brooklyn Blue Stockings, and on July 4 there will be two games, one at 10:30 o'clock between the Y. M. C. A. and South Wilmington and in the afternoon at 4 o'clock the All Stars of Dry Pond will meet the Kinston team.

Arrangements have been made for the white friends who desire to see the games. There will be a small charge for admission. The committee on arrangements is composed of W. H. T. Brown, general manager, John Phillips and Prof. Virgo.

SECOND HALF OF VIRGINIA LEAGUE SEASON IN ON TODAY

Rocky Mount, N. C., July 2.—With the slate wiped clean and Portsmouth the winner of the first half season with the concluding games of yesterday there are five clubs in the Virginia League that on Monday set out to be counted in on the last clash for the championship of the league—while the sixth club wants to settle the fact "that there ain' goin' to be no clash." Six clubs over the circuit all well heeled with support and finances and teams that compare favorably with any in the circuit's history start the play on the second half season tomorrow without a forecast based on any probable figures or points on which an advantage might be contended for.

CAPTAIN C. S. RIDLEY GOES TO INSPECT HARBOR OF REFUGE

Major Mitchell's Transfer Believed to Have Been Held Up.

Captain C. S. Ridley, in charge of the Wilmington Engineering District, left last night for Cape Lookout, where he will inspect the work of building the Harbor of Refuge.

Although Maj. A. W. Mitchell, who has just completed a course at the Army Staff School at Fort Leavenworth, was slated by the War Department to relieve Captain Ridley in charge of the local district on July 5, he has not reached here yet and it is believed that all transfers of army officers will be held in abeyance, until the Department knows definitely what is going to happen in Mexico. Captain Ridley will leave for the staff school at Fort Leavenworth as soon as he is relieved.

YANKEES TAKE FIRST PLACE OVER INDIANS

Boston Gradually Moving Upward in the National League.

Cleveland's Pitching Staff Disorganized and Hitting Weak—Brooklyn, Although at the Top, Has Slipped Slightly.

New York, July 2.—The displacement of Cleveland from the lead in the American League by New York and the good work of Boston in the National League were the features of the pennant races during the past week. Brooklyn slipped slightly, but retains the lead in the National. Good pitching and timely hitting carried the Yankees into first place, while the Indians were losing their hold because of a disorganized pitching staff and weak hitting. Manager Donovan's men won five games and lost one, that being an 11-inning contest to Washington on Monday. New York made a clean sweep of the four game series with Philadelphia and holds the lead by a fair margin. In two weeks the Yankees have won 12 of 15 games.

Chicago, through good pitching and heavy hitting by Jackson, E. Collins and Felsch, went into third place, only a few points ahead of Washington. The White Sox won six out of seven games. Washington braced during the week, but the Senators are not going well, due in part to poor hitting. Detroit has lapsed into another losing streak and last week fell from third to sixth place.

Among the leading teams in the Nation, Boston was the consistent winner last week and maintained at the expense of Brooklyn and Philadelphia. Only a few points separate Philadelphia and Boston and Brooklyn is only a few games ahead of the Phillies and the Braves. Before their double victory over the Giants Thursday, the Phillies had lost five straight games. New York improved and broke even on the week, two of its victories due to the pitching of Jeff Tesreau.

Pittsburgh now leads the second division, having moved up from seventh place and is right on the heels of the Giants. Callahan's men won five games and lost two. Wednesday they beat Chicago three to two in eighteen innings, the longest game of the National League season to date. Three home runs were made in the game. Cincinnati dropped into last place, while St. Louis moved into seventh position.

Fred Beebe, of Cleveland, led the pitchers during the week by turning in two 3-hit games. Ragan, Boston Nationals, and Mays, Boston Americans, had two-hit games.

Batters who had a perfect average for one game were: MaGree, Boston National; Robertson, New York National; Henrysby, St. Louis National; Jackson, Chicago American; Sisler, St. Louis Americans, and Strunk, Philadelphia Americans. All hit safely four times out of four times up, except Hornsby, who made two singles, two three-baggers and a home run out of five times at bat. Magee on Saturday made seven hits out of 8 times at bat in a double header.

Storebreaking at Wallace.

In response to a long distance telephone message early yesterday morning, Officer W. H. Kermon, in charge of the animals, yesterday took one of the city bloodhounds to Wallace, N. C., where a store was broken into Saturday night. No tracks were found at the window which was broken open and the dog could do no trailing when the officer reached there. Particulars of the robbery were not learned at the police station last night.

Holiday Hours at Postoffice.

Tomorrow, July 4th, being a national holiday, holiday hours will be observed at the Wilmington postoffice. The general delivery window will be open from 11 A. M. to 12 M. and from 7 to 8 P. M. Stamps on sale during the hours open. One delivery and one collection of the mails will be made by the carriers.

Kinston, N. C., July 3.—Mrs. Nettie Banks, convicted of deserting her husband here, taking her three children, an deloping with Lonnie Henderson to New Bern, where the police found them living together, must serve six months in jail, by the judgment of City Judge T. C. Wooten. Henderson was last week sentenced to 12 months. The children have been returned to Mrs. Banks' husband.

BILL DONOVAN.

Manager of the Yankees, can now afford to smile after having at one time or another most of his best players laid up by accidents, is now leading the American League and what is more he expects to stay at the head.

REDS SPLIT A DOUBLE HEADER WITH PIRATES

Second Game Ended in Fifth Inning by Heavy Rainstorm.

Cubs Defeat the Cardinals Five to One—Lavender Pitches Masterly Game While Steel is Hit Hard and is Relieved.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Cincinnati 3-1; Pittsburgh 2-6.
At St. Louis 1, Chicago 5.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
Philadelphia at Boston.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at New York.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Broklyn	36	25	.590
Philadelphia	34	28	.548
Boston	32	27	.542
New York	30	30	.500
Pittsburg	30	32	.484
Chicago	31	36	.463
St. Louis	31	39	443
Cincinnati	29	37	.439

Cincinnati, July 2.—Pittsburg and Cincinnati broke even in a doubleheader here today ,the local team taking the first game three to two and the visitors the second six to one. The second game was called at the end of the fifth inning on account of a heavy rainstorm.

Pittsburgh	.001 100 000—2	6	1
Cincinnati	.010 100 01*—3	9	1

Miller and Wilson; Toney and Wingo.
Second game:

Pittsburgh	.000 33—6	10	2
Cincinnati	.000 10—1	5	1

Jacobs, Kantlehner and Gibson; Dale and Clarke.

St. Louis, July 2.—Chicago won from St. Louis here today by 5 to 1. Lavender pitched a masterly game, but Steele was hit hard and Williams relieved him in the sixth.

Chicago	.101 111 000—5	11	0
St. Louis	.000 000 010—1	8	1

Lavender and Fischer, Steele, W. A. Williams and Snyder.

SHOT THROUGH TIRE RESULTS IN CAPTURE OF FUGITIVE NEGROES

Deputy Sheriffs Capture Joyriders After Exciting Chase.

A well-aimed shot from Deputy Sheriff A. L. Kelly's revolver, who with Deputy Charles Keen had burned up much good gasoline in a vain endeavor to overtake an automobile full of negroes whom they sought to arrest on the charge of operating a car while under the influence of liquor, punctured the left hind wheel of the fugitives' machine and brought a three-mile chase to an end in East Wilmington about 7 o'clock last night. Four of the negroes were committed to the county jail and two released under bond by Justice George Harriss for a hearing this morning.

Shortly before 7 o'clock last night, Deputy Kelly received a telephone message to the effect that there were six negroes in an automobile about four miles out on the Scott's Hill road and that all of them, including the driver were under the influence of liquor. Deputy Kelly at once jumped into his machine and picking up Deputy Keen later started on on the chase of the car which was endangering the lives of people using the road. About three miles out, the officers were passed by the negroes' car which was swerving from side to side and which was making for the city. The officers yelled to the driver to stop, but the latter only put on more speed.

At intervals during the next few minutes, the officers repeated their orders that the machine be stopped but the fugitives paid no attention to the command, until finally Deputy Kelly pulled out his revolver and put a hole through the tire of one of the rear wheels just as the two cars were entering the outskirts of the city in East Wilmington.

After the tire of the fugitive car went flat, the occupants jolted along for about a hundred yards and came to a stop. The negroes were then directed to proceed at a leisurely pace on into Wilmington, which they did. They were taken before Justice Harriss, who announced that they would be given a hearing at 10 o'clock this morning.

YOUNG WILMINGTON COUPLE RUN AWAY TO GET MARRIED

Girl's Parents Objected As She Was Only 15 Years Old.

Unable to secure the consent of the bride's parents to their marriage, Miss Cornelia Bounds, fifteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Preston A. Bounds, of No. 908 North Fifth avenue, and Mr. E. T. Holdon, connected with the Gate City Life Insurance Company, of this city, went Saturday afternoon to Supply, where they were married at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Holdon. The ceremony was performed in the presence of a few friends by Rev. A. W. Clemmons, pastor of Prospect Baptist church.

The young couple took the train from Wilmington to Bolivia, and there an automobile was waiting which took them to Supply where the wedding took place at 7 o'clock. They spent the night at the home of the groom's parents, but returned to Wilmington yesterday afternoon and will take up their residence at 414 North Front street.

Mrs. Bounds, who was reached by telephone last night, stated that her daughter was only fifteen years of age and for that reason she and Mr. Bounds had objected very much to her daughter's marriage. The groom is about 23 years old. His parents did not object to the marriage, it is understood. Up until a late hour last night, the young couple had made no move to secure the forgiveness of the bride's parents.

Excursion to Carolina Beach.

The steamer Wilmington will make two trips to Carolina Beach on the Fourth of July. On its first trip it will leave its dock at the foot of Princess street at 9 a. m. and will leave on its second trip down the river from the dock at 2:30 p. m. It is expected that a large crowd will take the trip.

THEATRICAL

It is indeed an exceptional offering which the Royal presents to its patrons today, the very greatest seven-reel Triangle programme which has yet been presented at the Royal, headed by a mammoth five-act dramatic feature, "The Green Swamp" starring the most popular star who ever appeared on the screen, Bessie Barriscale, with an all-star supporting cast headed by Bruce MacRae playing opposite her. Miss Barriscale has before appeared in Wilmington in several photoplay features but never before in one of the magnitude of "The Green Swamp."

"The Green Swamp," Miss Barriscale's starring vehicle at the Royal today, is one of the very greatest ever released by Triangle. Co-starring with Miss Barriscale is Bruce MacRae, one of the strongest dramatic stars on the screen, surrounded by a great cast of Triangle lights of the first magnitude. "The Green Swamp" is a powerful arraignment of the curse of the green-eyed monster of jealousy, and will hold any audience enthralled for the entire length of its five reels.

A great two-reel Triangle-Keystone comedy, "Love Will Conquer," stars pretty Polly Moran and big, jolly, Fred Mace, and an all-star Keystone supporting cast, making in all a great seven-reel Triangle programme.

L. N. Burrud, Universal Animated Weekly Cameraman, With His Yaqui Indian Scouts, "Somewhere in Mexico."

Old Timer at Bijou.

The Bijou presents one of its old-time favorites today one that will draw capacity crowds all day.

Popular, handsome, dashing Jack Warren Kerrigan, in the first picture he has appeared in on the regular programme in several months, in which he is co-star with Nobert Myles, Ethel Phillips, Neil Shipman and Hary Talbot, in a great three-reel Gold Seal dramatic feature, "The Melody of Love," one of the greatest mountain stories of a Western troubadour who wins a fortune and a sweetheart with his music. A young miner pals with the father of the girl he loves, not knowing of their relationship, only to find the old man dying from a treacherous assault when the younger man had been lured away by a dance hall girl.

It was in a drama of the stirring style of "The Melody of Love" that Kerrigan first made his bid for fame, and the present release is worked out with all his old-time swing and dash that captivates every man, woman and child who sees it.

Animated Weekly is also on today. Among the striking scenes is a Coney Island scene showing the latest in bathing suits—no stockings, just socks. "Over the Bandits' Trail" shows Langhorn's cavalry dashing 215 miles in 80 hours after the Glenn Springs raiders, trying out the guns, and Col. Alvarez, the raid leader. Other great scenes show the greatest motorcycle race ever pulled off; President Wilson speaking, and many other great scenes.

Mae Murray at the Grand.

It is indeed an imposing feature which the Grand is going to present to its patrons today ,one of the very greatest Paramounts of the year, witnessing the return of Mae Murray, the beautiful star of "To Have and to Hold" in her latest great characterization, "Sweet Kitty Bellairs," an imperishable version of the most popular historical romance in theatrical history, by the dramatic genius of the 20th century, David Belasco, and produced in collaboration with Jessie L. Lasky, released on the Paramount programme.

"Sweet Kitty Bellairs" is a story of lovely womanhood and chivalrous man, and is a most faithful representation of society's greatest historical personages. It was from the original novel by Agnes and Egerton Castle and the scenes are laid in the little town of Bath, England, the famous watering place of society during the 17th and 18th centuries.

At certain seasons of the year the wit and beauty of England assembles there to drink of the healthful waters, and among its visitors have been Lord Chesterfield, the Pope, Oliver Goldsmith, Sheridan, Gainsborough and Smollett.

In the supporting cast is seen a notable assemblage of Paramount stars, including Joseph King, James Neill, Lucile Young, Horace Carpenter and Tom Forman. It should be one of the greatest Paramount offerings of the season.

Bessie Barriscale as the Jealous Wife in the Triangle-Kay Bee Play of Matrimonial Misunderstanding, "The Green Swamp."

Today's Triangle Drama at the Royal.

Cheer Up With U. S. MARINE!

Crowd the old briar full of this famous Cut Plug, or take a big chew of it, and watch how the day's work whizzes along—like you had half a dozen hands and pep enough for three men. As long as you stick to U. S. MARINE you're on the right track for Joyville and nothing can switch you, either.

U.S. MARINE
CUT PLUG TOBACCO

has been the favorite in this section for so long that the oldest inhabitant can't remember any other brand that ever came knee-high to it.

Ageing pure Kentucky leaf in Nature's way—from three to five years—gives U. S. MARINE its richness and mellowness. Making it into *Cut Plug* insures the best results in pipe and chew. Always satisfying, because the Quality is man-size and all there.

Sold everywhere in 5c Packages.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

ROYAL

Triangle Day

JESSIE BARRISCALE

With Bruce MeRae, in a Great Five-Act Triangle-Ince Drama.

"The Green Swamp"

A Powerful Photoplay, Dealing With the Curse of the Green-Eyed Monster of Jealousy.

Fred Mace

With Polly Moran and All-Star Keystone Cast, in

"Love Will Conquer"

Adults 15c - Children 10c

—CROCKETT—
ARSENIC LITHIA SPRINGS AND BATHS.
Opened June 1st. Cures Nervous Prostration, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Kidney Diseases, Rheumatic and Skin Troubles and Female Irregularities. Cleans and Beautifies the Complexion. Write for Booklet.
M. H. THOMAS ... ...Manager
CROCKETT SPRINGS, VA.

J.F.LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Carroll Building

HERE IT IS!!!
"The Chest With the Chill In It"

We carry this Box in Four Sizes. Also a Full Line of "White Mountain" Refrigerators and Shepard's Lightning Freezers.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO
OUR STOCK COMPLETE 'PHONE, WIRE OR WRITE
WHOLESALE HARDWARE 'PHONES: 106-1030

JULY 1st

Deposits made now and until July 2nd draw Interest from July 1st.

Look forward and act now. There is no doubt in your mind that you will need money. Don't expect to make it suddenly.

SAVE your Opportunity Fund at the

HOME SAVINGS BANK
Wilmington, N. C.

METALS

All Metals Are Scarce, and Market Advancing.

However, we bought a good supply some time ago, and can serve our customers promptly.

Iron, Steel, Brass, Copper, Babbit, Aluminum and Zinc

Call, Phone, Wire or Write Today

Wilmington Iron Works
"The Iron Men"

Read Star Business Locals.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 50c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $5.00 per year; $3 00 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina. Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms. No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

MONDAY, JULY 3, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

Be humble or you'll stumble.
—MOODY.

The evil hour is always the best when it is postponed to the last.

Americans are getting an academic idea of the need of a military system that has some system in it.

Some men who could not go out and drill the awkward squad would accept the commandership of a whole army division of raw volunteers. By gollies, most any of us will volunteer if they will make us a major general and pay all of our expenses to the front.

A scientist now says that if you notice particularly you will observe that baldheaded men are especially fond of the ladies. Being bald, however, hasn't a thing to do with it, because a baldheaded man who is fond of the ladies knows that he was just as fond of them before he lost his hair.

Candidate Hughes hasn't said a thing yet in spite of the fact that he has been making remarks. He makes assertions and then neglects to make them stronger by furnishing the facts in the case. He ought to know enough about an allegation to comprehend that it cannot be believed by the jury till it is substantiated by credible evidence.

Says the Augusta Chronicle: "People who are low-down enough to write pononymous letters probably couldn't be expected to know that the act is, in itself, a confession of contemptible cowardice. They may thus conceal their identity, but in doing so they reveal their lack of character." Well, pard, the writers of anonymous letters knew all that beforehand. When people are afraid to sign a letter they know that by being a coward they can keep from facing responsibility for a cowardly act.

One thousand members of the Atlanta chamber of commerce have sent in signed postal cards declaring that in their opinion Atlanta needs radical revision of her municipal government system and that the organization should take the lead in bringing it about. Possibly Atlanta needs revision of her municipal government system but when a chamber of commerce goes into politics the town will soon or late need another chamber of commerce that leaves politics to the citizens of the town.

There is lots of twaddle in this country about desiring peace and there is an organization to promote a world League to Enforce Peace, but lots of the peace twaddlers and peace leaguers are constantly saying things to bring President Wilson into disrepute as "a note writer." Every note that Wilson has written was with a view to keeping this country at peace with other nations. The fact is, there are people in this country whose beans contain more small political ideas than broad views as to peace.

Teddy thinks the country needs "spiritual and national preparedness." Nobody disputes it, but it makes people laugh at the idea that we can get spiritual preparedness from the G. O. P. when Colonel Roosevelt caught it betraying its trust to the people and steam rollering him out of a presidential nomination. While national preparedness was n the hands of the Republican party, the comparatively trifling bit that this country got from G. O. P. administrations cost nearly as much as Germany's amazing preparedness cost her. We can't get it into our bean that the Republican party is qualified to entertain us with the idea that we can get much spiritual and national preparedness from that aggregation. We haven't been getting either from that source. Tap yourself on the coco and ask yourself if you do not recollect the truth about it yourself.

WHO IS FORCING WAR?

Neither President Wilson nor Congress seem to be disposed to be in a hurry to get into war with Mexico, but the situation calls for the extensive precautions that have been taken. President Wilson is taking his time about it, and the recess of Congress till after the 4th of July holiday shows that the government is in no hurry to make any more trouble for Mexico than she already has upon her hands. Nevertheless, there is some sinister influence in this country that seems bent on war and even exagerates all incidents likely to foment trouble. With reference to the real American sentiment and the possibilities of a conflict with Mexico, the New York Journal of Commerce, (Ind.), says:

"The idea of a real war between the United States and Mexico under present conditions is almost grotesque; and it is certain that if it should be brought on it would be hereafter regarded as discreditable to the powerful government which would inevitably be held responsible for it. Carranzista officers have been quoted as saying that Mexicans do not want war, but if it were to be forced upon them it would be resisted to the last gasp. It is certain that the great mass of Americans do not want war with Mexico, and are almost ashamed to think of it as likely to come. Our government has shown plainly enough for three years that it wished by all reasonable means to avoid anything of the kind. Then why should it come? Who is forcing it upon either country? If both sides wish to avoid it, why in the name of all that is holy and peaceful should they not take the means of avoiding it and not act as if they were crazy for it? There is still the light of hope if the government at Washington and those who are serving it will keep their heads, and the pestilent politicians who are seeking to make capital out of an embarrassing situation will display a rational kind of patriotism instead of a rampant "Americanism." The United States government can afford to be magnanimous as well as foresighted. The administration will strengthen itself if it holds to its policy of avoiding war and succeeds by honorable and straightforward means. The opposition will disgrace itself if by its influence war is precipitated, and will deserve an overwhelming defeat."

The able New York paper said something when it referred to the "pestilent politicians" who have been doing their best to make political capital out of both the situation in Mexico and Europe. Some suposedly big men have certainly put themselves in the pestilent and petty politician class. Political agitation and influence in this country has affected the Mexican situation on at least three occasions when it was difficult to get at public sentiment. Some of the agitation evidently has been mistaken for public sentiment, for it has effectually added to the difficulty of handling the situation.

The American people ought to look with disgust upon some of the political rot being handed out by rather eminent politicians who think it is good campaign stuff. To say that President Wilson is responsible for the situation in Mexico does not do credit to the intellect of some of those politicians and certainly the American people would lack intelligence if they permit themselves to be influenced by such talk.

Every body ought to know that the situation in Mexico has grown out of revolutions which started years before Wilson was elected. Incidents during his administration are but the result of the actual conditions that account for the whole chaotic situation in Mexico. If politicians of the so-called "Americanism" kind wanted to be more foolish than they are now they might claim that President Taft is responsible for the Mexican revolution, which broke out during his administration, and that Wilson is responsible for its continuance during his administration. In order to be absolutely consistent that is the way they ought to dope it out.

WHY DON'T THEY TOE THE MARK?

We fear that the Columbia State is truly seeking information and enlightenment from a source that is all echo. The echo always repeats and no one can't ask it anything and get an answer. It ought to be different with some of the political wiseacres of this country, but it isn't. Nevertheless, the State thus inquires of the echo crowd:

"Collier's becomes incensed because Senator Robinson, of Arkansas, asked Senator Borah, one of the administration's most illogical critics, what he would do about the Mexican situation now. Collier's contends that President Wilson's Mexican mistakes began at the very opening of his administration. Very well. Could Collier's or Senator Borah say what should have been done then? Should Wilson have recognized the murderer, Huerta? Or should he have taken Mexico as Collier's idol took Panama?"

If we were either Senator Borah or Collier's, we would take advantage of this opportunity to answer the plain and direct inquiry of the Columbia State. If we knew exactly what we would have done to make pacifists and Sunday school scholars out of the otherwise wild, wooly and turbulent Mexicans we would immediately detail the whole thing just to show that we know what we were talking about. However, if we were to dodge the question and refuse to come across with our policy for settling the Mexican problem, we would regard it as a plain indication that we didn't know any more about it than the man in the moon.

Borah and Collier's and other critics of the President owe it to themselves to say what they would have been doing to Mexico all this time and what they would do right now, if they really know anything about it at all. Owing to the fact that the Mexican problem is about like a Chinese puzzle, the President ought to appoint all his critics on a commission to report their imaginary solution of a condition that even such a person as Solomon would approach with misgivings of his wisdom.

We think Wilson's policy is a long ways better than Borah's or Collier's, because they haven't any policy at all. At any rate, if they have had one in mind, they have taken the wise precaution of not familiarizing anxious inquirers with it.

Mr. Hughes himself has declared that the administration's policy has been characterized by "weakness and incertitude," but the Republican candidate is about like all the other critics. They can't and consequently won't say what they would have done themselves, and they do not even present a theory, let alone a policy, to meet a condition that has resulted in the death of thousands and is likely to cause the death of thousands of others, including Americans.

If Hughes, Borah, Collier's, et id omne genus, know the solution of the trouble in Mexico, they should present it at once to both Wilson and Carranza. It would be a great work in the cause of American and Mexican humanity. However, the American people ought to have sense enough to know that it is not a solution of the Mexican problem they seek, but a contemtible partisan political advantage which they hope to secure by emitting a flow of the "Americanism" twaddle that nauseates most every loyal American—loyal to this country by being loyal to its chosen head, the President of the United States of America.

RECREATION FOR EVERY CHILD IN WILMINGTON.

The happy auspices under which Wilmington's first municipal playground was opened on Saturday on the United States Marine Hospital reservation, ought to carry a thrill in it for every heart in Wilmington—the hearts of the adult population as well as the juvenile portion of the community as the chief beneficiaries of a new kind of paternalistic benevolence that henceforth is ours.

Editor James H. Cowan, of the Evening Dispatch, and Mayor P. Q. Moore were the speakers on the occasion marking the formal opening of Wilmington's playground, and quite happily the former emphasized the new spirit that is moving Wilmington to have a share in influencing the lives and health of her children through the means of recreation provided at public expense. We must all rejoice that Mayor Moore spoke more truly than prophetically for Wilmington when he declared that inauguration of the first playground means that it is but the beginning of the movement to provide places of recreation for every child in the city.

That certainly ought to be the Wilmington spirit with reference to the broader humanity that is gathering the children into a closer community bond, with which the city identifies itself as the guiding genius. Indeed, Wilmington should not be satisfied with anything short of making it possible for every child in the city to get a romp and make merry on municipal recreation grounds here and there and everywhere that they are needed.

Wilmington's first playground is going to be a model, and there is evident the public spirit that will guarantee it. If that public spirit is not already fully aroused, we will rise up and get it, as we do in every great cause. When we find out what we ought to do and know that it is a good thing to do, we can all get busy by lending our interest and devoting our attention to a wholesome public duty—individually ours as well as everybody's.

The Star thinks much credit is due to the active persons who have so earnestly agitated, promoted and inaugurated the playground movement in Wilmington. It ought to be a source of satisfaction to them to be assured that they have made Wilmington that much more of a "foreward-looking" city.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

Some of our Southern railroads will soon be offering homeseekers' excursion rates to points in different Southern States, and it reminds us of what a woeful lack of population we have in the vast and sparsely settled territory around Wilmington. All our Eastern North Carolina counties certainly ought to be more concerned about their settlement and development, now that they are providing modern highways and making the sections more attractive to those looking for new homes and new opportunities.

Are we going to get a share of the people who can be induced by bona fide opportunities to settle in the South? We know we need them, but will we go to work and get them? New Hanover county has room for thousands of settlers and they certainly ought to like our lands and splendid system of public highways and schools.

Does it not surprise you that the port of Wilmington is in a country that contains only 400 farms, all of a small but highly productive class? We ought to have several thousand farms in this county and hundreds of thousands more in the large undeveloped counties adjacent to Wilmington.

Production means wealth, and we must know that idle lands cannot yield the wealth that ought to help build up Wilmington from the outside unless we see to it that all the vast and fertile region round about is settled. Will we wake up and go to work, summer or no summer?

We cannot secure many homeseekers without definite settlement projects, but we certainly ought to have the genius and capital to set such constructive undertakings on foot.

They are calling the bridegroom the happy "groom" just as if he were the fellow that doesn't half attend to the horses and is liable to be fired. The bridegroom is not necessarily a groom.

CURRENT COMMENT

It seems to be pretty certain that Colonel Roosevelt will be unable to "deliver the goods" from North Carolina. In no State has there been anything like a stampede of Progressives to the Hughes banner, and those who are basing their hopes on a reunited Republican party are taking a great deal for granted. Wilson stock seems to be steadily growing stronger.—Charlotte Observer.

Dr. David Starr Jordan, who is the leading member of the latest Peace Commission, which even William Jennings Bryan passed up, a year or so ago, delivered an address in the First Baptist church of Raleigh, the burden of which was that man had become entirely too smart to fight, since he had made it so costly that he could never finance the matter with his bankers. And everybody hereabouts said in one breath: "How wise he is!" — Raleigh Times.

Perhaps the greatest heroism exhibited Wednesday in connection with the departure of the boys in khaki, was that of the wives, mothers, sisters and sweethearts who assembled to do honor to the soldiers boys and showe blessings with their kisses upon the flower of young manhood called upon to offer their best service to our beloved country and who were bravely answering the call, in spite of any possible sacrifice and consequence. God bless these noble women who have bravely parted with their loved ones—and may they return, every one, to the home circle without blemish of body or spirit—is the prayer of the Scottish Chief.—Maxton Scottish Chief.

Once more it appears that North Carolina is going to be raised from the humiliating and painful position of an industrial satrapy of Virginia. The case of the Virginia cities has been thrown out of court by the Interstate Commerce commission and North Carolina jobbers have a chance to call their souls their own again. It was not until they had been knocked down and dragged out, however, that the Virginia cities released their grip on the throat of North Carolina. They still have the advantage of us. Norfolk, for instance, gets a better freight rate from Louisville than Greensboro, even when the freight comes through Greensboro on the way to Norfolk. But hereafter it will not be cheaper to ship goods to Norfolk and ship them back to Greensboro, than to drop them off here the first time. That is the shameful condition that obtained prior to the freight rate fight, and it is the condition that Norfolk and the other Virginia cities fought with all their power to have perpetuated.—Greensboro News.

Governor Craig does well in urging that the War Department keep the North Carolina brigade intact, that the three regiments be sent to the border as a whole. In the Spanish-American war a matter of deep regret among the men who volunteered was that the two regiments from this State were separated. Now that there are three regiments it would seem that the correct thing to do would be to keep the brigade intact. As Governor Craig well puts the matter, the brigade kept together will give the men a State pride which will prove of value to the government in any service the North Carolinians are called upon to perform. And the Governor does the right thing also in urging that there be no breaking up of the brigade that would take it from the command of Brigadier General Laurence W. Young, whose equipment as an officer of the National Guard is of the very best. Governor Craig has written to Senator Simmons asking him to use his influence to keep the brigade as a unit with General Young in command. In addition to this we trust that Senator Overman and each of the ten North Carolina members of the House will urge upon the War Department the same request. It is the right thing to do.—Raleigh News and Observer.

Mr. E. J. Hill, of Durham, was here looking after his farming interests last week. He was also at the Good Roads Convention in Wilmington. He says that it was the consensus of opinion at the convention that if the people up this way want to get any help from the Federal appropriation for highways that they had better get busy, and that at an early date, and link up the road from Goldsboro to Wilmington. This is especially necessary for sections in Magnolia and Rose Hill townships. Sampson people are on the job now, and will build the highway via Clinton, through their county, and if the people up this way do not do something to help themselves the government certainly is not going to lend any help. The requirement in the Federal law is that the State and other authorities shall furnish an equal amount of funds for road work as are wanted from the Federal fund and in addition shall provide for the maintenance of the road. Let's all get busy and do something. New road maps are soon to be prepared by the State Highway commission for the eastern part of the State. This is another reason why this work should be done at once. We need to have this map show that our towns are on a good highway. The advertising value to us will be much more by far than the cost of linking up these gaps in the road. Whatever is done to bring people to our towns will also bring money. Investments will follow travel and our business will benefit and our property enhance in value. It is up to us to make a move.—Duplin Record.

HOG CHOLERA EPIDEMIC

Fifty Animals Affected by Outbreak in One Pasture.

(Special Star Correspondence).

LaGrande, N. C., July 2.—Fifty animals are affected by an outbreak of hog cholera in one pasture in lowgrounds in Sand Hill township, Lenoir county, according to government agents. There are 13 droves in the one pasture. Measures have been taken to check the epidemic. There have been many cases of hog cholera in the county this year, but nothing like the numbers that have been reported from neighboring free-range territory. It is in co-operative pastures along the Neuse river that most outbreaks occur.

THREE BOYS ROB OFFICE

Confess to Taking Mileage Book and a Safety Razor.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., July 2.—Three small white boys arrested by the police here for robbing the office of Dr. Fairfax Fitts, an osteopath, in the second story of a Gordon street building in broad daylight, confessed to taking a railroad mileage book and a safety razor. Damage to the extent of $10 was done by one of the trio when he smashed a door glass in order that they could make a quicker exit when men in a building at the rear spied them.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AT HAMLET IN ANNUAL BANQUET

Several Prominent Speakers From Out of Town are Present.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Hamlet, N. C., July 2.—The first annual banquet of the Hamlet Chamber of Commerce was held at the Seaboard Hotel on Friday evening was a gathering of the most enthusiastic body of men ever assembled in this section of the State for the purpose of city and community building. More than 150 progressive men of Hamlet, whose ambition is to make their city the metropolis of Eastern North Carolina, were present.

In a few well chosen words, John Mitchell, secretary of the Hamlet Chamber of Commerce, told of the activities of the chamber during the past year also outlined the ambitions covering the future. Next Mr. J. P. Gibbons, the president, welcomed the out of town visitors, in a manner as only he can. The gathering was very fortunate in having Mr. H. T. Prosser, assistant development agent of the Seaboard as toastmaster. With apt words and witty jokes he introduced the prominent speakers on the programme.

Mr. Edward L. Cowles, managing editor of the Charlotte Observer, made a most instructive address on publicity and its value. Mr. B. L. Hamder, general development agent of the Seaboard, in discussing "The Relation of the Development of Railroads to Commercial Organizations" brought out many salient and convincing facts respecting the constructive work done by organizations supported by citizens of a community.

Following Mr. Hamner was Hon. L. D. Robinson, Democratic nominee for Congress in the Seventh district, who handled very ably the subject, "Boosting." Mr. Robinson is a favorite in this section and is a live wire in development.

"HORNY-HANDED HENRY" DIES OF APOPLEXY AT CHAPEL HILL

Janitor, Servant, Bell Ringer, Mail Carrier at University.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Chapel Hill, July 2.—Probably the most picturesque character on the college campus passed away on Friday evening when "Horney-Handed Henry," ringer of the college bell for 16 years, University mail carrier, janitor and servant of the University for 21 years, died from a stroke of apoplexy. In fact, Henry had become a part of the University—almost as much so as the old well or the South building. Serving first as butler to President George T. Winston, he later became one of the college janitors and eventually the official bell-ringer.

With his shuffling gait, his small briar pipe, his battered derby hat and loose-fitting clothes, Henry has made himself known and liked by college students for over two decades. Freshman and senior have engaged him in conversation. Henry liked best of all to use high-sounding phrases, and argue learnedly on various topics. He had the reputation of being something of a philosopher as well.

Perhaps Henry took most pride in ringing the college bell. All other duties stopped when this duty needed attention. He insisted on being just on time, and often set his watch by the college clock several times a day. In his capacity as mail carrier he was equally punctual, having performed this duty just an hour before his death. As janitor of the Alumni building Henry felt the full dignity of his connection with the University; indeed, he regarded himself almost as a member of the faculty. He held himself somewhat aloof from others of his own race.

Many have been the jokes, sketches, and poems, with Henry as the subject, contributed from year to year to the Yackety-Yack and other college publications. The class of 1909, at its commencement reunion in 1914, conferred upon Henry the degree of LL.D.D. (Loyal Legion of Ding-Dongers). Elaborate rites were celebrated on the athletic field, and Henry spoke eloquently in receiving the degree.

CAMP GLENN DESIGNATED

As Concentration Camp for Volunteers in Event of a Call.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New Bern, N. C., July 2.—Local citizens are interested in the announcement made by the War Department of the East Headquarters last night to the effect that Camp Glenn has been designated as a concentration camp in case of a war with Mexico.

Camp Glenn, while being the point of mobilization, might not have been designated as the point of concentration for the State troops, there being a possibility that they might be called to some other point and the fact that this has been done is of real interest.

Cove City, N. C., July 2.—Elder Henry Cunningham, of Deep Run, N. C., has begun the 25th year of his pastorate in a Baptist church here. The venerable minister has missed very few "appointments". The church is one of the oldest in the States.

A quiet Fourth at Carolina Beach. Steamer Wilmington leaves at 9 and 2:30.—Advertisement. 2t

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

PIANO
VOICE
VIOLIN
PIPE
ORGAN

All Degrees Conferred

Unequalled Advantages—Training Teachers a Specialty—Superior Courses of Study.

18TH YEAR

Southern Conservatory of Music
Durham, North Carolina

PEACE INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG WOMEN

AN Ideal Christian Home School. Preparatory and Collegiate courses. Art, Expression, Physical Culture, Pedagogy, Domestic Science, Business, etc. Conservatory of Music. High standard maintained by large staff of experienced, college trained instructors. Takes only 100 boarders and teaches the individual. Unsurpassed health record. Brick buildings. Steam heat. Electric lights. Excellent table. Good Gymnasium. Park-like campus. Concerts, lectures, tennis, basketball. Write for our catalog before selecting the college for your daughter.

MISS MARY OWEN GRAHAM, President. Raleigh, N. C.

WARRENTON HIGH SCHOOL
WARRENTON, N. C.

A thoroughly efficient preparatory school that stands for genuine work. It prepares for college work, not simply for college entrance. An advisable intermediary between the home and the college.

Special preparation for Annapolis or West Point.

For catalague, address.

JOHN GRAHAM, Principal.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA
MEDICINE-DENTISTRY-PHARMACY
STUART McGUIRE, M. D., DEAN
New college building completely equipped. Extensive Hospital and Dispensary facilities. For catalogue and information, address
J. R. McCAULEY, SECRETARY
1100 E. CLAY STREET, RICHMOND, VA.
1838 1916

Home Celebration of Wonder Interest

The arrival of a baby in the household completely changes the entire aspect of the future. But in the meantime, during the anxious period of expectancy, there is a splendid remedy known as "Mother's Friend" that does wonders. It is for external use, relieves the pains of muscle expansion, soothes and quiets the nerves, extends its influence to the internal organs and removes to a great extent the tendency to worry and apprehension. It is a natural treatment, safe for the mother, has no drug effect whatsoever and for this reason must exert a most beneficial influence upon those functions directly connected with motherhood. In a very interesting book the subject is freely discussed and a copy will be mailed free to all expectant mothers by Bradfield Regulator Co., 705 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Get a bottle of "Mother's Friend" today of any druggist. Use as directed and you will then know why mothers for nearly half a century have used and recommended this splendid aid to motherhood. Their letters are messages of cheer, that breathe comfort in every word.

It is worth while to know that "Mother's Friend" has been in continuous use more than half a century. Letters are frequently received to say that a young mother learned of this splendid remedy from her mother and from her grandmother both of whom used it with happiest results.

Because of this fact you may rely implicitly upon its safety, its effectiveness and its directness of purpose.

MILLER'S ANTISEPTIC OIL
KNOWN AS

Snake Oil

Will Positively Relieve Pain in Three Minutes

Try it right now for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, sore, stiff and swollen joints, pains in the head, back and limbs, corns, bunions, etc. After one application pain disappears as if by magic.

A never failing remedy used internally and externally for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Sore Throat, Diphtheria and Tonsilitis.

This Oil is conceded to be the most penetrating remedy known. Its prompt and immediate effect in relieving pain is due to the fact that it penetrates to the affected parts at once. As an illustration, pour Ten Drops on the thickest piece of sole leather, and it will penetrate this substance through and through in three minutes.

Accept no substitute. This great oil is golden red color only. Every bottle guaranteed; 25c. and 50c. a bottle, or money refunded. At leading druggists.

HARDIN'S PHARMACY.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK

Fancy Blue Rose Rice,
Fancy Head Honduras Rice,
Also other grades.
Flour, all grades, at low prices.
Burlaps, Cotton Sheets.
Hindoo 2-lb. Bagging.
Mason Jars, Rubbers, Zinc Caps.
Wisconsin June Cheese, for future shipment.
Western Rust Proof Oats.
Now is the time to book your requirements for these goods. Request quotations now.

McNair & Pearsall

HEALTH IS WEALTH
by John B. Huber, A.M., M.D.

Health and cheerfulness make beauty. Cervantes.

Hot Weather Dietary

COMMON sense as to eating oozes out of a good many people along with their perspiration, in hot weather. Of course one must take nourishment; but it is not necessary to eat so heartily as in the cold months. And some of the things eaten in winter must be avoided in the dog days—the Bingo Frankfurter, for instance. The summer food must be of the kind it takes least energy to digest. Energy makes heat, in the body as elsewhere.

Eat lightly; no gourmandizing; hunger between meals can always be satisfied by a glass of cool milk with bread or crackers. Never eat when tired or hot; dine if possible in the evening, when work is over and when there is comparative coolness. Here are some blood cooling fruits: Fresh juicy grapes, oranges, grape fruit, lemons and limes in lemonade, cantaloupe, water melons, rhubarb stewed, peaches, cherries, berries, apples, pineapples, pears. Be most careful of unripe or overripe fruit. And there are healthful leafy or fibrous vegetables: tomatoes, celery, spinach, asparagus, lettuce, beets, onions; all green salads also—endive, chicory, romaine, watercress, tomato, lettuce. The right summer foods are: Thin soups or cold bouillon; fresh fish or fowl; roasted or broiled beef, mutton or lamb, in moderation—once a day is enough in hot weather; eggs soft boiled, scrambled or lightly fried; simple desserts, of gelatine custard,—ices and ice cream. Cut out entirely or go very slow on thick soups, canned meats, spices and condiments, nuts, beans, oils, cheese, bananas, dates, preserves, hot drinks. Drink water freely at meals, copiously between meals.

Both overeating and overdrinking are especially to be avoided in the good old summer time. From such excess comes congestion of the liver, the stomach and intestines are gorged, constipation results, the tongue, is heavily coated; the bodily secretions are altered in composition, the nervous and muscular systems suffer, and in consequence there is headache, lassitude, drowsiness and mental stupor. Come a hot day then, many such a sufferer is like to succumb to a heat stroke.

A SICK BABY.

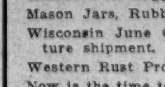
H. B. H. writes: My baby is three months old. I've been giving her warm water with sugar in it since birth. I use one-half teaspoonful of sugar to a three-ounce bottle of water. At times she drinks three bottlesful at once. Her eyes are so blue and sore looking and her lids swell up at times. Could it be the sugar causing this? Or do you think it is a cold? Something has broken out on her forehead—little water blisters. She wants to keep rubbing her eyes. I am using a salve, four parts lard with one part sulphur. Will this hurt her eyes by putting it on her forehead?

Answer: Cut out the sugar; it makes sour stomach. Give the baby all it will drink of pure water. You do not state if the baby is breast fed. I hope so. Give it the breast every three hours regularly; no oftener. Once, or not at all at night. The swelling lids generally point to kidney trouble. Don't use sulphur in the salve. Get this ointment of the druggist: Oxide of zinc and starch, of each half an ounce, and one ounce of lanolin or vaseline. I would strongly advise you to have a good doctor see your baby.

TOE BLISTERED.

J. F. R. writes: Last winter I wore a shoe that had a crack over the knuckle of my big toe. Then I soon noticed a big blister or puff and it was soft and there seemed to be water in it. Now it seems to be harder and can't be shoved around so easily. It does not hurt but some days it has a burning feeling. Would turpentine be good to rub on?

Answer: Get some ten per cent salicylic acid plaster of the druggist. Put on a strip large enough to cover the part you mention. You may have to heat it to make it stick. Keep it on for several nights. Then remove it. Renew if necessary. Don't use turpentine. Never buy a pair of shoes that you can't walk out of the shoe store comfortably in.



This column is devoted to disease prevention; to physical and mental hygiene; to domestic, industrial and public sanitation; to the promotion of health; efficiency and long life. The latest developments in medical science will be presented. Questions of general interest will be answered here, space permitting—all others by mail if stamped return envelope is enclosed. Requests for personal diagnosis or treatment cannot, however, be considered in any way.

TOMORROW: A Shoddy Nervous System

WILMINGTON WARMLY WELCOMES DR. HURT

At Formal Installation as Pastor of First Baptist Church.

Mayor Moore, Mr. Geo. B. Elliott and Pastors of Other Churches of City Participate in Service—Initial Sermon Yesterday.

Wilmington churches and the city as a whole, through representatives of the various denominations, the Christian Men's League and Mayor P. Q. Moore, representing the municipality, extended cordial and hospitable welcome yesterday afternoon to Rev. John Jeter Hurt, D. D., who yesterday morning preached his initial sermon as pastor of the First Baptist church. The welcoming occasion was the formal installation of the new pastor of the First Baptist church yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The installation service was attended by representatives of the other Baptist churches of the city and the churches of other denominations, in addition to many members of the First Baptist church. Dr. B. J. Willingham, member of the board of deacons of the First church, presided. Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, offered the opening invocation and the benediction was pronounced by Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church. Rev. J. M. Wells, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian church, read a portion of Scripture from the eighth chapter of Romans and Rev. M. T. Plyler, pastor of Grace Methodist church, offered the prayer. The two hymns sung by the congregation were "How Firm a Foundation" and "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

Dr. Hurt was welcomed to the city by Mayor Moore in a brief but appropriate and very cordial manner. Welcome was extended on behalf of the Christian Men's League by Geo. B. Elliott, Esq., president of that organization; on behalf of the Baptist churches of the city by Rev. W. G. Hall, pastor of Southside church, and on behalf of the other churches of the city by Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal church, in the stead of Rev. W. E. Cox, who was unable to be present.

Following these addresses, which all breathed a beautiful spirit of Christian fellowship and cordial hospitality and sympathy, Dr. Hurt responded, expressing deep appreciation of the warm welcome extended him and of the assurance of cordial and hearty cooperation and sympathy in his work here. Dr. Milton having spoken of the fact that he and Dr. Hurt are from the same state originally, Virginia, the new pastor stated that he expected that he and Dr. Milton would occassionally find time to spend some hours together where without restraint they might talk of the greatness of their mother state. This bit of pleasantry was inspired by pleasant remarks by Dr. Milton warning Dr. Hurt to be careful about how he spoke of Virginia and saying that North Carolinians never would concede that Virginia was first in anything. He said that he though until he came to North Carolina that the first English settlement on American soil was at Jamestown, Va., but affer coming to this State he learned that it was on Roanoke Island, North Carolina. He had thought, he said, that the first declaration of American independece was written by Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia, but learned after coming to North Carolina that the first declaration was written in Mecklenburg county.

Dr. Hurt spoke especially of the very cordial reception that had already been accorded him by many of the citizens of Wilmington since he came here a few days ago. Dr. Milton spoke especially of the splendid spirit of co-operation, Christian fellowship and unity that Dr. Hurt would find in Wilmington, as he had found it during the more than six years of his ministry here.

Mr. Geo. B. Elliott, general counsel of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, assurred Dr. Hurt of the cooperation and sympathy of the more than 300 Christian men who are members of the recently organized Christian Men's League.

Rev. W. G. Hall expressed very cordial welcome on the part of the 2,500 Baptist of the city and spoke of the large field of labor into which Dr. Hurt comes, characterizing it as "a man's job." He also extended cordial welcome to Mrs. Hurt on behalf of the women of the city.

Dr. Willingham extended cordial welcome on the part of the First Baptist church and spoke of the fact that he had known Dr. Hurt for 22 years, the latter having in earlier days often been a guest in the home of his lamented and honored father, the late Dr. R. J. Willingham, of Richmond, Va. His father, Dr. Willingham said, had often predicted a career of great usefulness for Dr. Hurt.

A pleasing feature of the service was a solo rendered by Miss Katherine Johnson, of the faculty of Meredith College, in her usual artistic, sweet and impressive manner. Her selection was "O, Rest in the Lord," from "Elijah."

Dr. Hurt's Initial Sermon.

At the morning service at the First Baptist church yesterday Dr. Hurt preached his initial sermon as pastor, and was heard by a congregation that completely filled the large auditorium of the church. His subject was "The Ideal Pastor and His Ideal Programme," his text being from Paul's first Epistle to the Corinthians, second chapter, second verse: "For I determined not to know anything among you save Jesus Christ and him crucified." The large audience was most favorably impressed with the eloquent and forceful sermon and the evidence of ability and deep consecration on the part of the preacher.

Dr. Hurt preached again at the regular service last night.

Lost His Wallet.

Report was made to the police station yesterday morning that at or near Front and Princess streets Mr. E. A. Hawes, of Atkinson, N. C., a frequent visitor to the city, had lost his pocket book, containing some papers and about $49.00 in cash. The purse has the initials "M. E. H." on it, and it is easily identified in the event it is found by anyone. Information would be thankfully received either at the police station or by Mr. Hawes.

Deposits made today in Savings Department of the American Bank & Trust Company will draw 4 per cent. compound interest from July first.—adv.

COMMUNITY COTTAGES PLANNED FOR BEACH

To Accommodate Delegates to Summer Religious Gatherings.

Similar to Baptist Seaside Assembly —Will Make it Great Religious Center if Tidewater Company's Plans Materialize.

The Tidewater Power Company is planning to build community cottages on Harbor Island which will house from 2,000 to 3,000 people, for the convenience of delegates to summer gatherings such as the Baptist Seaside Assembly. If these plans materialize, Wrightsville Beach, which is already a most popular convention resort, will likely become during the summer season one of the most important religious centers in the country.

The executive committee of the Baptist Seaside Assembly, which Assembly was the first meeting of this character to be held at the Beach, has just closed at the big auditorium on Harbor Island its second and most successful session.

According to Hon. John A. Oates, of Fayetteville; who is a member of the committee appointed by the executive committee to confer with officials of the Tidewater Power Company to secure the above facilities for these gatherings, it would be an ideal place for other denominations as well as the Baptists to hold similar gatherings. This committee which consists of Dr. John Jeter Hurt, president of the Assembly; Mr. E. L. Middleton, of Raleigh, its secretary; and Messrs. Carey J. Hunter and John A. Oates; has already conferred with Mr. H. E. Bonitz, architect for the company. They stated to Mr. Bonitz that there are 250,000 white Baptists in North Carolina; and they believed it would be no trouble to bring ten per cent. of that number to the beach for the Assembly, if such a system of cottages were built, as it would allow families to rent small houses for about $15 a week or perhaps $50 for the entire season. They pointed out that many families were unable to pay $20 a week at a hotel, but would be able to stand the smaller expense of maintaining a cottage for a week or more. They also urged the building of a large rooming-house on Harbor Island.

At the conference, the committeemen stated that while an attendance of ten per cent. of the Baptists in the State would bring 25,000 people to the beach, if only one per cent. came as a result of the building of the camp cottages, it would mean an attendance of 2,500. They declared that they are planning to make next year's assembly the biggest in its history, and fully expect an enrollment of 1,000, or more than double that number if the cottages are completed before next summer.

In the event that the above plans are carried out, the beach will have a summer camp community something like that of Ocean Grove, N. J., where delegates to summer religious gatherings number more than 10,000 each summer, many of whom rent cottages for the entire season. At Ocean Grove, and this will probably be the case at Harbor Island, renters of cottages find it convenient to use gas stoves on which they can get a light meal quickly and thus have plenty of leisure as well as time for attendance upon such meetings as are being held in the auditorium which seats 7,000 persons. With all cottages supplied with water connections and other conveniences, the matter of cooking, is one that should not take much time.

While nothing has been fully decided as yet as to the building of this system of cottages, it has long been felt that in view of the great success which such communities have been in other sections of the country, it is bound to be equally successful at Wrightsville Beach, where conditions are admitted to be ideal for summer religious assemblies.

In the event that the plans for the camp community are put through, the executive committee pledged its members and the officers of the assembly to co-operate in bringing to the attention of similar organizations in other denominations the superior attractions offered at Wrightsville Beach.

DEDICATION OF QUARTERS OF BOY SCOUTS AT ST. ANDREW'S

Address by Mr. Odis B. Hinnant—Dr. A. D. McClure Presides.

The headquarters of Troop No. 10 of the Boy Scouts of Wilmington in the basement of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, which were recently fitted up by the members of the company, was dedicated Saturday night with appropriate exercises in which the boys and many of their friends took part. An inspiring address was made by Mr. Odis B. Hinnant, city boys' work secretary, following the dedication prayer by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, who presided at the exercises.

Mr W. T. Murphy, scoutmaster of the troop, made a short address after which the scout law was explained by Mr. John E. D. Clark. The exercises were closed with a delightful social hour. Ice cream and cake were served, this feature having been in charge of a committee composed of Mrs. J. E. D. Clark, Mrs. W. M. Baker, Mrs. L. J. Hannah and Mrs A. D. McClure.

The boys of this troop now have quarters which will afford them a delightful place for recreation. A reading-room and other features have been provided. All of the work in arranging the quarters was done by the boys themselves.

EARLY MORNING BURGLARY

Home of L. D. Kennedy, on Red Cross Street, Entered Yesterday.

L. D. Kennedy, colored, 761 Red Cross street, for many years a well known colored baker of the city, reported to the police at an early hour yesterday morning that about 3 a. m., his home had been entered by a burglar was plundering around the house, burglar was discovered in the house before he had stolen anything, he wished an investigation made.

Entrance was gained through a dining room window and while the burglar was pindering around the house, Kennedy woke in time to see him make his escape. One of the city bloodhounds was taken to the scene by Officer Kermon, Patrol Driver Freeman Craig and Plainclothesman Leon George, but the conditions were not favorable for a trail and nothing was accomplished.

WHAT PUBLIC LIBRARY MEANS TO WILMINGTON

Its Interesting History is Told by Mr. Heman S. Shaw.

Splendid Work of Local Institution Explained in Article in North Carolina Bulletin by High Schol Principal.

"Wilmington has not the best library in the country or perhaps even in the State, but the city feels that it could not do without its public library, an institution which has flourished despite many difficulties, which has done much and is doing much good for the people of the city both from an aesthetic and a practical standpoint," writes Mr. Heman S. Shaw, principal of the Wilmington High School, in an interesting article in the current issue of the North Carolina Library Bulletin. Mr. Shaw's article, which will be of much interest locally, follows:

"This is a day of books, magazines, and papers. The pen has a mighty task to perform in order to satisfy the demands of a hungry, reading people. Millions of Americans daily scan the daily newspapers to learn the latest news, whether it be the latest creations in millinery or to learn of the events of the day. The mills of the novel writers grind madly to supply the demands of a fiction-reading public. Literature of all kinds is spread broadcast over the country every year, for the rich and poor alike. There was never before so many good books; at the same time there was never such an abundance of cheap trash, both as to price and quality. The reader of today in selecting what to real and what not to read is often dumbfounded and nonplussed when he is confronted with such a variety of reading matter as can be found in the books of today.

"One of the most valuable agencies of today in supplying reading matter and discriminating between good and worthless literature is the public library. With well-filled shelves, and under the management of a trained librarian, the public library is a most valuable asset to any community. Too many of our cities are backward in providing for the establishment and support of so important an institution.

"That North Carolina is not making use of the advantages offered by the public libraries is a most regrettable fact. It is true that there are excellent libraries in some of the larger towns and cities, but facilities for getting good books by the rank and file of our citizens are woefully inadequate. The man of small means, who is the backbone and sinew of our state today, does not possess the price of the necessary reading matter, cheap as it is, which will make him a well-informed citizen. The public library meets his needs; he finds there not only a place to get good books and reading matter, but also a source of inspiration for good reading. All classes and ages are benefitted alike by easy access to good literature.

"A glance about the State today will show that good progress has been made in establishing public libraries, but the movement is still in its infancy. Few of our cities and fewer of our rural communities boast of well-equipped libraries. It seems rather singular that so important an agency, exerting as it does such a great influence for good citizenship in the commonwealth, should be neglected in any city or prosperous community. All classes of people should heartily support any movement in the State which has for its object the increase of the efficiency of the public libraries. Every city, hamlet, and rural community owes to the future citizenship of this commonwealth public reading places and dispensaries for good literature. A small amount invested in this way will yield a hundredfold.

"Some one has said, "One enthusiastic person and one book is all that is necessary to start a library." If this statement is true, and there is no doubt that many of our libraries had small beginnings, there is not a community in the State too poor to make at least a start in the right direction. Women's clubs have been instrumental agencies in fostering the movement for more and better libraries. Many sections of the State do not have clubs, but there is no community where there is not to be found at least one enthusiastic woman ready to start a campaign. With the proper beginning, donations of money and books would follow. Organized effort plus enthusiasm on the part of the people would succeed in most places in lieu of the fact that North Carolina has few millionaire library-makers to help out the cause.

"Some facts about the Wilmington Public Library, which began with many discouragements and flourished despite many difficulties, ought to inspire other cities and communities to launch movements for better library facilities.

"Wilmington had a library back in the eighties known as the Wilmington Library Association. For a number of years this organization, which was of a semi-public nature and kept up by the members of the association, was a great convenience to the readers of the community. Many influential citizens were numbered among its supporters and patrons. The association practically disbanded when the library closed some time in the late nineties. The books were sent to the Y. M. C. A. library when the association disbanded and were later added to the present Wilmington Public Library.

"The North Carolina Sorosis, composed of public-minded women of the city, took up the movement for a public library in 1907. The immediate results incident upon the efforts of the ladies of the Sorosis were encouraging, but many difficulties presented themselves. By 1904 there had been secured a reading room in the Masonic Temple, which was stocked with one hundred books and magazines. With the aid of small donations, book contributions, and money raised by the Sorosis, the library steadily grew. The first purchase made was a set of the Century Dictionary. Three hundred and fifty books of the best class of literature were added in 1905 by a popular contest. A further addition about this time was made when a large number of books belonging to a semi-public library run by the Y. M. C. A., and discontinued years before, was secured.

"On April 2, 1906, Sorosis petitioned the board of aldermen to make an appropriation for a public library and prepare a permanent place for it. That body was also asked to accept the books already collected. As a result of the petition, which was unanimously

(Continued on Page Eight.)

SEVEN LEGAL EXECUTIONS

Three of Number Apointed to be Electrocuted in July are From New Hanover.

Seven legal executions in North Carolina, three of the principals being from New Hanover county, are scheduled to take place in the State penitentiary in Raleigh during July, an eighth to quickly follow on August 1.

The month will, of course, break all records at the State prison and while it is barely possible there may be some commutations or reprieves by the Governor, there will still be enough electrocutions as to make the month the banner for legal executions by the commonwealth. Of the eight awaiting execution two are white men and six are negroes.

The first of these executions will be Friday of this week when Lawrence Swinson, colored, is appointed to die for burglary in the first degree, he having been responsible for a number of the series of burglaries which kept many Wilmingtonians awake for more than a single night during the epidemic of robberies here last fall and winter.

On the following Friday Thos. Merrick, colored, of New Hanover, will pay the death penalty for the murder of young Walter Hudson, white, at the plant of the Mint-Cola Bottling Works several months ago.

On the following Friday, July 14th, Thomas Merrick, colored, of New Hanover, is scheduled to pay the death penalty for burglary in the first degree.

On the same day, July 14th, James McColl, colored, of Lillington, Harnett county, charged with criminal assault, is also sentenced to die. Others on the calendar at the State prison during the month are as follows:

July 18, John Savage, Washington county, murder.

July 21, Melvin Horne, of Wilmington, murder.

July 21, William Black, Snow Hill, rape.

July 28, Frank Foster, Polk county, murder.

August 1, Arthur Smith, Fayetteville, murder.

Foster and Horne are white men. The rest are negroes.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE TO KEEP THEIR POSITIONS OPEN

For Employes Who Are Called to the Colors by President Wilson.

The Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, which has its headquarters in Wilmington, has announced that it will keep positions open for its employes, who are called to the colors by President Wilson for service in connection with the Mexican trouble, and upon their return from enlistment, they will be taken back into the railroad service, provided they are in such physical condition as will warrant their reemployment. This announcement has been made in a circular letter which has been issued from the office of President J. R. Kenly.

President Kenly states that it is the purpose of the Coast Line, so far as may be practicable, to reinstate these employes upon their return in their former positions and rights. In filling positions vacated by such employes, President Kenly has instructed employing officers to advise applicants that their employment may be of a temporary nature.

"Employes who enlist," the letter states, "will necessarily terminate their membership in the relief department, so far as sickness or accident benefits are concerned, but may retain their membership for death benefits in accordance with the general regulations of the relief department."

Many of the members of the Wilmington Light Infantry are employes of the Atlantic Coast Line, while at other points on the system, many employes of the road have already been affected by the call of the President and have already been sent to the colors. The policy adopted by the Coast Line is in line with that of other large corporations of the country.

FINE ROAD CONNECTION

Links Completed by Convicts From East Wilmington to Turnpike.

The county convicts under the direction of Superintendent R. A. Burnett have about completed a very fine link of sand clay road connecting East Wilmington with Winter Park and the highway will shortly be ready for traffic.

The road connects with the Market street improved road at or near Mr. Oscar Pearsall's place in East Wilmington and extends through to the Wrightsville turnpike at Winter Park connecting there with the Masonboro road also at the intersection of those main arteries of travel through the county. The road has been splendidly graded by the convicts and drained. It will give a fine outlet to a very fertile section of the county and will be of immense value to truckers and others wishing to get to market or shipping stations.

Bloodhound Pups Die.

Four of the nine pups born on Friday to the pair of bloodhounds belonging to the City of Wilmington died yesterday, and Dr. T. B. Carroll, veterinarian, and officers of the department who gave them attention yesterday, would not be surprised if the entire litter is lost. The pups do not seem to be very strong, and during the extreme heat just now it is said to be doubtful if Officer W. H. Kermon was called out of the city raise the remainder of them. Officer Kermon was called to Wallace, N. C., yesterday, and was not present when four of the pups died, but he was a disappointed individual when he returned last night and found that four of his "pets" had "crossed the divide."

No. 666

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

HAROWITZ JUNK SHOP

We want you to know that we pay the highest prices for mixed rags in any quantity. Also new rags, all kinds of metals and rubber.

The Oldest and Most Reliable Junk Shop in Wilmington.

JOS HAROWITZ & SON, PROPS.

—Phone 800-W—

Don't Forget the Place—109 S. Water st.

YOUR MONEY

Deposited in this bank is assured of Absolute Safety, and in addition Earns for You 4% Interest, Compounded Quarterly. Service of the Highest Character is rendered to the customers of our bank, and the small account receives the same careful attention as is shown to all others.

ESTABLISHED 1900

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS

A GOOD INVESTMENT

For customers who were unable to make their deposits on pass book accounts in time to draw interest from July 1st, we are prepared to issue our demand Certificates of Deposit, which bear interest from date of deposit. Certificates issued in amounts of $100 to $5,000.

—"SAFETY FIRST"—

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

—110 PRINCESS STREET—

Oldest and Largest North Carolina Savings Bank.

GRAND ENCAMPMENT I. O. O. F.

Meets Next Month in Weaverville. May Come Here Next Year.

The Grand Encampment, Independent Order of Odd Fellows in North Carolina, will meet in annual session in Weaverville, N. C., on Wednesday, August 9th, and already members of the "camp" from all over the State are arranging to attend in large numbers. Campbell Encampment No. 1, of this city, the first organized in North Carolina, will meet tonight for the selection of a grand representaive and for the transaction of such other business as may come up in connection with the coming of the grand encampment.

Wilmington will be represented in the grand encampment by at least one grand officer, Mr. John E. Wood, of Campbell Encampment, who has been grand treasurer for the past five years. Mr. W. L. Smith, of this city, is a past great patriarch of the grand encampment.

The Wilmington delegation at the grand enacmpment will make a strong bid for the next grand encampment and will extend a cordial invitation in behalf of Wrightsville Beach. With the fine new pavilion just completed on harbor island lodges of this kind now have an excellent place to meet on the beach, and it is expected that many such State gatherings will choose Wrightsville for their assembling in 1917.

A quiet Fourth at Carolina Beach. Steamer Wilmington laves at 9 and 2:30.—Advertisement. 2t

New Fall Line ROYAL SOCIETY Package Outfits

These Outfits come to you complete, clean and intact, in a sealed envelope. They contain the article to be embroidered, stamped on material of the highest quality, exact instructions and a carefully prepared chart of stisches and colors, with sufficient floss to entirely complete the embroidery.

NO. 594

The "Pol O'Fortune" Set

586 "Pol o' Fortune" Scarf, 18x50 inch . .75
587 "Pol o' Fortune" Centerpiece, 36-in.81
588 "Pol o' Fortune" Pillow 50
589 "Pol o' Fortune" Necktie Rack. . . .50
590 "Pol o' Fortune" Madeup Collar bag.50
591 "Pol o' Fortune" Madeup Card Table Cover 81
592 "Pol o' Fortune" Madeup Laundry Bag. 85
593 "Pol o' Fortune" Whiskbroom Holder 35
594 "Pol o' Fortune" Madeup Shirt Case 75

NO. 550.

Stamped Made Up Dresses, Caps Aprons, Etc.

555 Carriage Cover stamped on White Rep 75c
556 Carriage Pillow, stamped on White Rep 50c
557 Infants' Set: Dress, Bib, Cap; stamped on White Lawn .50c
558 Baby Set: Cap, Bootees, Bib; on Pique, at 40c
559 Made-Up Rompers; White Rep at $1.00
560 Made-Up Boys' Suits; White Pique, at $1.25
564 Made-Up Dress; White Lawn, at 50c
565 Made-Up Dress; White Pique $1.25
566 Made-Up Dress; White Lawn, at 65c
567 Made-Up Dress; White Batiste at 85c
568 Made-Up Baby' Cap; White Batiste 35c
598 Made-Up Child's Play Apron; Crash 65c
600 Made-Up Princess Slip; White Batiste 65c
561 Infants' Dress; stamped on White Lawn 50c

NO. 562.

Complete Assortment Made Up or Flat Muslin Underwears

542 Night Gown; stamped on Nainsook 85c
543 Combination; stamped on Nainsook 75c
544 Corset Cover; stamped on Nainsook 35c
545 Night Gown; stamped on Nainsook 85c
548 Made-Up Night Gown, Nainsook $1.00
549 Made-Up Combination, Nainsook 85c
550 Made-Up Corset Cover; Nainsook 50c
570 Made-Up Dressing Sacque; White Lawn 75c
571 Made-Up Boudoir Cap; White Lawn 25c
572 Made-Up Dress Sacque; Pink or Blue Batiste $1.00
573 Made-Up Boudoir Cap; Pink or Blue Batiste 25c
.99 Combing Cape; Stamped Huck at 50c

In our Art Needlework Section we carry full assortment of Royal Society Embroidery and Crochet Materials.

All Mail Orders will be promptly and carefully filled.

Send for Descriptive Circular, showing Complete Line. It's Free.

Belk-Williams Comp'y

SOCIAL

Miss Stella LeBeaux, of Bolton, is here visiting Miss Hattie King.

* * *

Miss Lois Trathen, of Lansing, Mich., is here visiting Miss Katherine King.

* * *

Mss Esther Garris, of Wilson, is the guest of Miss Annie May Dement, No. 214 South Eighth street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. L. Southerland and Mrs. J. G. Southerland, of Wallace, were guests at The Orton last night.

* * *

Mrs. A. M. Noble and daughter, Miss Hattie, have gone to Asheville, where they will spend the summer months.

* * *

Mrs. M. B. Bright, of the Travelers' Aid Staff at the union station, has gone for a short visit to friends in Philadelphia.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Lonn Plot, Mrs. H J. Wood, Mr. A. A. Moore and Mr. H. E. Wood and family were members of a party arriving in the city last night from High Point They are guests at the Orton.

* * *

The young ladies of Immanuel Presbyterian church will give and entertainment next Thursday evening in the hall at Front and Queen streets. A small charge will be made for admission. The public is invited to attend.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. Herbert Coughenour have returned from their honeymoon trip to New York and other points in the North. For the present they are making their home in Sunset Park. Mrs. Coughenour was formerly Miss Eugenia Elizabeth King, of this city.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Franklin Meier have returned from their honeymoon trip to New York city. For the present they will make their home at No. 412 Red Cross street, but will later take up their residence at Carolina Court. Mrs. Meier was formerly Miss Beulah Mae Walker, of this city.

* * *

Mrs. J .S. Manning, of Raleigh, arrived in the city yesterday morning and went to Wrightsville Beach to join her husband, Judge J. S. Manning, who has been a guest at the Seashore Hotel for several days. She was accompanied by Messrs. F. C. Manning, R. W. Winston and Hardy Mills, who will spend some time at the beach.

* * *

Rev. and Mrs. W. Marshall Craig, who expect to leave in a few days for West Union, S. C., where they will spend some time, have been honored with many handsome gifts of remembrance, but none that they appreciate more than the chest of gold, containing $100 in coins which was presented to them on Friday night by friends from all over the city.

* * *

DELIGHTFUL DANCE ENJOYED BY MANY IN CURRIE W. O. W. HALL

Currie, N. C., July 1.—Decidedly the best dance of the season here was that at the W. O. W. hall Friday evening. Despite the inclement weather automobiles from every direction brought the youth and beauty of this and adjoining counties to trip the light fantastic. Visitors were present from Garland, Ivanhoe, Atkinson, Still Bluff, Point Caswell, Warsaw, Burgaw and Wilmington.

The music was furnished by Whitlock's band of Wilmington. Refreshments were served between dances. Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Lucas and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Pretlow were the chaperones for the occasion. Much credit and many thanks for the success and pleasure of the evening are due to the tireless efforts of the committee, Messrs. N. D. Lucas, J. L. Walker and J. F. Keith.

* * *

MISS ETTA S. BRAND TO BE WED BY MR. LAWRENCE ADAMS

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Alfred Brand, of Wilmington, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Etta Sloan, to Mr. Lawrence Adams, of Americus, Ga., the wedding to take place in the fall. The following from yesterday's Charlotte Observer regarding the announcement will be of interest to the many friends of Miss Brand throughout this section of the State:

"The announcement will be of wide interest to society in this State. Miss Brand is a sister of Mrs. Carson Taliaferro, of Atlanta, formerly of Charlotte. She was graduated from the Woman's College at Columbia, S. C., and is a bright young woman, cultured, vivacious and attractive. Miss Brand frequently visited her sister, Mrs. Taliaferro, during her residence in Charlotte, and was always center of much social attention. Mr. Adams is a son of Mrs. Rebecca Bond Adams, of Morganton. For the past several years Mr. Adams has been engaged in the cotton business in Americus, Ga., and recently he moved to Greenville, S. C., to assume charge of the cotton office of J. H. Cutter & Co. Mr. Adams is a young man of splendid ability and wide experience in the cotton business. He is a man of delightful personality, and commands a host of friends throughout the South."

Many a Lady is Beautiful

all but her skin; and nobody has ever told her how easy it is to put beauty on the skin. Beauty on the skin is MAGNOLIA BALM. Just try it today. 75 cents at Druggists or by mail. Sample Free. Lyon Manuf'g Co., 42 South Fifth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MR. SHAW RESIGNS POSITION

Principal of Wilmington High School Will Go to Haverford, Pa., to Teach for Next Year.

Of interest to a wide circle of friends throughout the State will be the announcement that Mr. Heman S. Shaw has resigned as principal of the Wilmington High School, which position he has held with much credit for the last five years, and in the fall will go to Haverford, Pa., where he will be a member of the faculty of a large preparatory school which is maintained in connection with Haverford College. Mr. Shaw had been re-elected for the ensuing year as principal of the High School in this city, but sent in his resignation to the school committee last week.

Mr. Shaw's acceptance of a position with the Haverford school will be a source of regret to many friends in this city. He has served with marked success as principal of the High school here and has taken an active part in bringing the standard up to its present high mark. He has been a leader in every phase of school activity and has won high praise from the patrons for his unswerving devotion to the work in his hands.

Mr. Shaw left Saturday afternoon for Bryson City, where he will be connected with the management of a large camp for boys during the next two months. He will return to this city for a short visit before going North for the winter.

Mr. Shaw is a graduate of Davidson college, of the class of 1908, and before coming to Wilmington was for several years a member of the faculty of Fredericksburg college in Virginia.

No announcement has been made as to who will be Mr. Shaw's successor in the Wilmington High School.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

—Mr. John H. LeGwin returned yesterday morning from a business trip to Rocky Mount.

—Mr. Allen Norwood, a young Wilmingtontonian, who has for several months been living at Hopewell, Va.; is here on a visit to relatives and friends.

—Mr. Walter M. Collins, Jr., has returned from Hopewell, Va., to spend a short time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Collins, Sr., No. 1920 Market street.

—Mr. Leslie Ellis, formerly with the Swift Fertilizer Company here, now at Savannah, is here spending a short vacation with his mother, Mrs. U. C. Ellis. This is Mr. Ellis' first trip home in several years.

—The many friends of Mr. S. Seigler, of this city, will regret to learn that he has found it necessary to go to Johns Hopkins Hospital, at Baltimore, to undergo an operation.

—Mr. Leonard A. Scott, formerly manager of Bradstreet's in Wilmington now manager for the same concern in Norfolk, Va., arrived in the city yesterday to spend the Fourth of July here with friends.

—Mr. Harry Shaw will leave today for Tarboro to attend a house party for a week after which he will join his brother, Mr. W. M. Shaw, Jr., who is with a big construction company in Jersey City.

—Dr. W. J. McGlothlin, of Louisville, Ky., who has been lecturing for the past week at the Baptist Seaside Assembly, will leave today for Virginia Beach, where he will give similar lectures.

—Among the arrivals at the Hotel Wilmington yesterday were: John Green, Wadesboro; Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Quinn, Greensboro; H. L. Newbold, State bank examiner, Raleigh; E. S. McGowan, Jacksonville; M. Margolis, Warsaw, and E. E. Stafford, Wadesboro.

—Among the North Carolina arrivals at the Orton yesterday were: S. M. Watkins, Oxford; Marvin Best and Geo. Thomas, Goldsboro; P. P. Smith, Elizabethtown; J. C. Powell, Raleigh; H. Hargis, Hamlet; C. T. Smart, Charlotte; Edward R. Harding, Raleigh; William Brice, Wallace; C. A. Alford, Rowland; George C. Wall, Hillsboro; W. F. Michaux, Charlotte.

—Mr. Leroy C. Cruser, manager of the local branch of the brokerage firm of Charles Suyer & Co., of Norfolk, Va., received the sad news last night that his brother-in-law, Mr. B. A. Traylor, had been killed in an automobile accident in Birmingham, Ala., where the latter had resided for several years. The message did not state how the accident occurred. Mr. Cruser left this morning for Norfolk, to attend the funeral which will probably be held tomorrow.

LOCAL DOTS

—The Star is requested to announce that the regular business meeting of the Boys' Brigade will be held tonight. All members are expected to be present.

—Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's Episcopal church, was taken suddenly ill about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon and removed from his home to the James Walker Memorial Hospital. While his case has not been fully diagnosed yet, he is thought to be suffering probably from malarial fever.

Deposits made today in Savings Department of the American Bank & Trust Company will draw 4 per cent. compound interest from July first.—adv.

ANNUAL POLICE EXCURSION

Outing at Wrightsville Beach Tuesday, July 25—Committee of Arrangements at Work on Program.

The eighteenth annual outing of the Wilmington Police Department will be held this year at Wrightsville Beach on Tuesday, July 25th, according to the present plans of the committee of arrangements which was appointed several days ago and which is already actively at work on the programme for the occasion.

The committee is composed of Messrs. W. R. Applebury, chairman; J. O. Bullard, secretary and treasurer; G. W. Bullard, M. C. Huggins, W. H. Rivenbark, R. J. Thompson and A. L. Long. The secretary and treasurer of the committee recently received a very attractive invitation from General Manager A. B. Skelding, of the Tidewater Power Company, asking the police to have their annual excursion at Wrightsville this year and the invitation and very generous offer in connection therewith has been accepted. Each member of the force will be provided with transportation to the beach on that day and a limited number of roundtrip tickets for members of their families while other tickets will be sold as usual for defraying the general expenses of the excursion.

Lumina will, of course, be headquarters for the day and the policemen and their families and their friends will have the privilege of going down at any time during the day and evening, returning at will. The committee is at work on a programme of athletic and aquatic sports, while a most interesting and helpful feature of the day's activities will be a pistol target practice for which prizes will be offered.

There will also be a number of other contests and exercises for which prizes will be offered and as usual the old-time spirit of rivalry and competition is expected to make the programme interesting and exciting.

GODWIN CARRIES BLADEN

With two Townships Missing He Has Majority of 97, Increasing Total Majority.

More complete returns from Bladen county received last night indicate that Hon. H. L. Godwin carried the county in the congressional primary Saturday by a small majority, probably between 50 and 100 votes. Thirteen out of 15 townships gave Godwin 563 and Brown 506, a majority of 57 votes. This majority presumably will be slightly increased by returns from the two remaining townships.

The latest returns from Bladen Saturday night gave Brown 467 and Godwin 381. Thus the apparent majority in Bladen. Shifts from Brown to Godwin and increases the latter's majority in the district by more than 100 votes over what was indicated by the returns Saturday night, when it appeared that the congressman had carried the district by a majority of between 500 and 1,000. When all the returns are in from all the counties, it is probable that Godwin's majority will be around 1,000.

No further returns were received from Brunswick, Columbus, Cumberland or Harnett yesterday, but those received Saturday night were sufficient to indicate conclusively the general result of the primary. While Mr. Godwin carried New Hanover by less than 100 majority and Robeson by nearly 300 majority, indications were that he carried Brunswick by about 200 and it was claimed in Dunn that his Harnett majority would reach 900. It was estimated that his majority in Cumberland would be around 400. In Columbus Mr. Brown received a majority of 717, with three precincts not reported, according to unofficial returns.

CHILDREN'S DAY OBSERVED AT SALVATION ARMY HALL

Exercises Yesterday Morning and Last Night Were Largely Attended.

Many friends and patrons of the Salvation Army attended the Children's Day exercises which were held at the Army hall yesterday morning and last night and attractive programmes were carried out on both occasions. Adjutant James Yates presided at the exercises.

The morning exercises which consisted largely of recitations, included the following: "Good Morning," Mary Jacobs; "Johnny's Opinion of Grandmothers," Roy Branch; "A Dog and a Bee," Rosa Mathews; "Baby's Logic," Lottie Cooper; "Do Your Best," Maggie Stubbs; and "Lulu's Complaint," Anna Pershake.

The programme rendered at night consisted of a number of recitations interspersed with songs by the children. Those who participated in the programme were Eleanor Edwards, Rosa Mathews, Alice Howell, Idella George, Nellie Mathews, Roy Branch, Mary Jacobs, Lottie Cooper, Anna Pershake, Lucile Stubbs and Maggie Stubbs.

CARRIERS MEET ON FOURTH.

R. F. D. Men at Greensboro; Others at Asheville, N. C., Tomorrow.

R. F. D. Carrier R. F. Gore, of Wilmington, left last night for Greensboro, N. C., where on July 4th he will represent the Eastern Carolina Association at a meeting of the State R. F. D. carriers. As July 4th is a national holiday, both the rural carriers and the clerks usually hold their annual conventions on those dates, and it is expected that there will be a large attendance both at Greensboro and at Asheville, where the 18th annual session of the North Carolina Letter Carriers' Association will be held. The city carriers will meet in connection with the State Association of Postoffice Clerks.

Mr. Charles D. Duffy, treasurer of the National Association of Letter Carriers, of Chicago, Ill., will represent the interests of the National Association in this meeting, and his addresses will be both interesting and instructive. The clerks will have as their representative their National treasurer, also, in the person of Mr. Raymond Thompson, of Philadelphia, Pa., and what he will have to say will be of much interest to all who will be so fortunate as to hear him.

—Among the arrivals at the Imperial Hotel yesterday were: Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Doty, Hamlet; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Russ, Shallotte; Mr and Mrs. W. S. Lynch, Pacford; S. P. Ward, Chadbourn; B. S. Koonce, Chadbourn, and Misses Elizabeth Evans and Evelyn Orrell, of Rocky Mount.

WILL HAVE TOWNSHIP FAIRS

Much Interest Being Manifested in Next Corn Show by Brunswick People Says Mr. Herring.

The holding of township fairs to be followed by a general county fair, at which all the exhibits that have been on display at the smaller fairs, will again be put on display, is the object of a movement which has been launched in Brunswick county by Mr. R. T. Melvin, the progressive farm demonstrator of that county. It is his purpose to have the exhibits shown at the county fair brought to Wilmington to be on display at the Corn and Agricultural Fair.

Mr. J. P. Herring, county farm demonstrator of New Hanover county, spent two days in Brunswick with Mr. Melvin, and attended two meetings which were held at Winnabow and Suburb. Both these meetings were well attended and organizations were effected and officers elected to take charge of the fair in each township. Committees were appointed for each of these townships composed of a lady and a gentleman from each school district to co-operate with the officers in getting up the fairs.

Mr. Melvin expects to perfect organizations in all the townships in that county along similar lines, and in the fall a fair will be held in each township. It is not planned to have these fairs on an elaborate scale, and they will only last for one day. Some school house in each township will be selected for the fair, and the exhibits can be placed in these buildings. In connection with the fair there will be a short programme, including addresses and the awarding of prizes.

It is not planned at first to have the county fair on an elaborate scale, as it would not be feasible. However, it is believed that the exhibits could be assembled either in a building at Southport or possibly under a canvas tent, as was the case with the Corn Show in Wilmington last year, and a day set apart when all the people of the county could meet together. Prominent speakers could be secured to make addresses, and other features for an interesting programme could be arranged.

Mr. Herring states that the holding of township fairs is being encouraged by the State Agricultural Department, and that where the idea has been tried out has proven very successful. Because of the limited territory in New Hanover, and in view of the fact that Wilmington is easily accessible from every point in the county, Mr. Herring says the holding of township fairs would not be desirable.

Mr. Herring is enthusiastic over the great interest that the people of Brunswick are showing in the movement inaugurated by Mr. Melvin, and suggests that it would be a splendid idea for other counties in this section of the State to take up. The holding of the smaller fairs would increase interest in a big fair to be held in Wilmington, where all the exhibits could be assembled, and the people of each county represented could then gain some idea in a very definite way as to what their neighbors are doing in addition to having the opportunity of meeting together to discuss questions and problems of mutual interest.

JUNE WAS MUCH HOTTER THAN PREVIOUS MONTH

And Greater Humidity Made it Much More Oppressive, as Well.

June was not only a hotter but also a more humid month than May, according to the monthly meterelogical summary of the local office of the United States Weather bureau here. The mean temperature for June was 83 degrees, as compared with 80 degrees for the previous month. The mean relative humidity during the month just past was 82 per cent. against 79 per cent. for the preceding month, which of course, made the rise in temperature more oppressive.

The maximum temperature on the last day of June, was equalled during May when the mercury rose to the same dizzy heighth of 92 degrees—on the 26th of the last-named month. June was also a much cloudier month, there being only nine clear days during the month as compared with 17 clear days in May. As might be expected there was increase in thunderstorms in June and nine are recorded for the month, against three in May.

Carry the whole family to Carolina Beach and spend the Fourth. Steamer Wilmington leaves 9:00 and 2:30. (Advertisement).

BUS LINE
LEAVES
Front and Chestnut Streets
EVERY TWO HOURS
Beginning at 6:00 A. M., FOR CAROLINA BEACH JULY 4th.
Late Trip Leaving Beach at 10:00 P. M.

STOP CALOMEL! TAKE DODSON'S LIVER TONE

New Discovery! Takes Place of Dangerous Calomel—It Puts Your Liver To Work Without Making You Sick—Eat Anything—It Can Not Salivate—Don't Lose a Day's Work!

I discovered a vegetable compound that does the work of dangerous, sickening calomel and I want every reader of this paper to try a bottle and if it doesn't straighten you up better and quicker than salivating calomel just go back to the store and get your money.

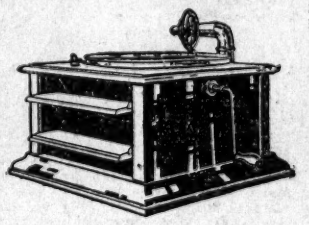
I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your thirty feet of bowels of the sour bile and constipation poison which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable.

I guarantee that one spoonful of this harmless liquid liver medicine will relieve the headache, biliousness, coated tongue, ague, malaria, sour stomach or any other distress caused by a torpid liver as quickly as a dose of vile, nauseating calomel, besides it will not make you sick or keep you from a day's work. I want to see a bottle of this wonderful liver medicine in every home here.

Calomel is poison—it's mercury—it attacks the bones, often causing rheumatism. Calomel is dangerous. It sickens—while my Dodson's Liver Tone is safe, pleasant and harmless. Eat anything afterwards, because it can not salivate. Give it to the children because it doesn't upset the stomach or shock the liver. Take a spoonful tonight and wake up feeling fine and ready for a full day's work.

Get a bottle! Try it! If it doesn't do exactly what I say, tell your dealer to hand your money back. Every druggist and store keeper here knows me and knows of my wonderful discovery of a vegetable medicine that takes the place of dangerous calomel.

Your Summer's fun will not be complete without a
COLUMBIA Grafonola



Music for the Vacation, with Everybody Dancing, will be More Necessary This Summer Than Ever!
PRICES: $15 TO $200.
EASY TERMS. ASK US TO DEMONSTRATE.
Green's Drug Store
Columbia Agents.
109 Market St.

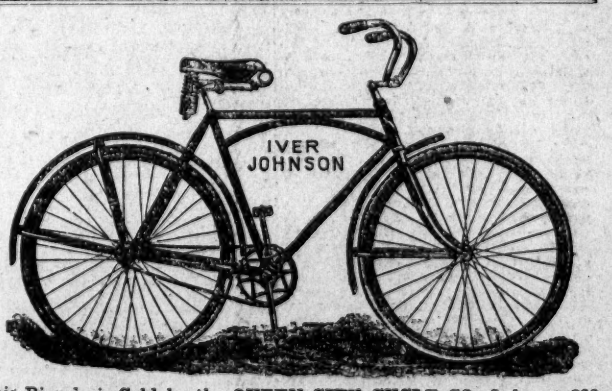
Kee Lock Eye Glasses
Will Not Wiggle, Shake or Get Loose. Let Us Show You the NEWEST Invention in the Optical Trade.
SPECTACLES OR EYE GLASSES CORRECTLY FITTED to Your Eyes for $1.00 and Up.
EYES TESTED FREE.
Dr. Vineberg
MASONIC TEMPLE.

QUICK LUNCH
ANY HOUR
DAY OR NIGHT
PROMPT SERVICE.
OUR COFFEE IS BEST TO BE FOUND ANYWHERE IN THE CITY.
WATERMELON AND CANTALOUPES ON ICE.
GIVE US A TRIAL.
OLYMPIA CAFE
307 NORTH FRONT STREET.

Read Star Business Locals.

20th Century Sanitary

WATER COOLER
None Others Comparable to Them
Ice Cream Freezers, Ice Chests, Refrigerators, of the very best quality made.
Our Assortment Is Complete.
WM. E. SPRINGER & COMP'Y
PURCELL BUILDING



This Bicycle is Sold by the QUEEN CITY CYCLE CO. Only, at 209 Market St., and is One of the Best Bicycles on the American Market Today. The Price on the Bicycle is the Same as the Price on Others, So Why Buy an Imitation, When You Can Get the Original for the Same Price? Sold for Cash or Installments.
'PHONE 862. REMEMBER THE PLACE.

GO WHERE OCEAN BREEZES BLOW
THE OCEANIC HOTEL
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.
For Rates and Descriptive Booklet
Address
C. E. HOOPER, MANAGER

Don't Be Satisfied With Just ANY Brand of Pickles
Your grocer can supply you with Old Homestead Pickles, and you will find them deliciously different from the ordinary kind. They are purely made by an old-timer's recipe.
Ask your grocer for
Old Homestead Pickles
made by OLD HOMESTEAD MFG. CO., Richmond, Va.

TOLLO WATER
RETAIL —— EXCLUSIVE AGENTS —— WHOLESALE
TWO SIZES—15c AND 35c.
—OIL KOREIN CAPSULES.—
Exclusive Agents.
40 Capsules, $1.00; Six for $5.00.
IF YOU CAN'T TELL US, TELEPHONE 248.
ELVINGTON'S PHARMACY
Dependable Druggists

WHITE IS RIGHT
New Arrival
WHITE
Wooltex Shrunk and Wooltex Tailored
WASH SKIRTS
Many Weights and Weaves
A. D. BROWN

COAL! BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!
LARGE STOCKS. PROMPT DELIVERY
"LET US SERVE YOU"
W B. THORPE & CO
'PHONE 789.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

CLEWS' REVIEW OF BUSINESS

More Favorable Trend Suggested for the Week—Foreign Trade Smashing Records—Financial.

(Special Star Correspondence).

New York, July 2.—Events of the week suggest a more favorable trend. This was particularly true of the Mexican situation after Carranza had released his American prisoners. The way is now open for mediation in order to prevent a war, against which the United States is practically a unit in opposition. Every effort should be made to prevent this threatened conflict; although relatively speaking, its effect industrially and financially should not be very important for a country of the size and resourcefulness of the United States. The regretful part of such a struggle would be the really unnecessary sacrifice of life among the youth of the country in a war that nobody wants, a war that excites no enthusiasm except possibly from a patriotic determination to vindicate the purposes of the United States and to give Mexico a free and stable government.

If forebearance and generous consideration will prevent war and bring the unruly leaders of the Mexican people to their sense, a great gain will have been made. There should be no abatement in our preparation for war, and an abundant force should be massed along the border to act upon unforeseen emergencies. Peace, however, will be for our own interest; not merely in preserving the friendship of Mexico, but also in maintaing amicable relations with all South American republics, who are keenly jealous of our activities in this direction. Conquest of Mexican territory would intensely strengthen these fears, and certainly lay the basis for future friction and difficulty.

In spite of our sincere and oft-repeated good intentions, the long disturbed conditions in Mexico and the Monroe Doctrine are more or less obstacles to the desirable purpose of bettering our relations with the republics south of us. We have been very earnestly cultivating our commercial relationships in that direction; and it is necessary for us to pursue political friendship with equal energy and sincerity.

While the European war is still a dominent factor in financial affairs, it would seem as if its effects had been well discounted for the time being at least. Although recent events have been favorable to the Allies, peace is not yet in sight. There may be a disposition to prepare the way for peace and the readjustments which it will compel. Cessation of hostilities will unquestionably create a new spirit of hopefulness the world over, but the exhaustion and paralysis which is already insidiously creeping upon some of the belligerents will inevitably delay their recovery. To the United States the war has opened new fields of enterprise abroad which we will not readily surrender, in spite of the present high costs of production. Several of the great trading nations will probably not be in a position to push hard for trade for a long period.

Great Britain is the only power engaged at war which will emerge not seriously crippled. Apparently she will be injured much less than any of the other participants, in spite of her huge naval and military efforts; not to speak of bearing the brunt of financing the war. Relatively speaking, the United States has gained position vastly more than any other nation, the stimulus being most noticeable in our foreign trade, in our industries, and in our efforts to establish suitable foreign bankin facilities. When the war is over Great Britain and the United States will unquestionably be the two leading nations in the world's trade.

So far as the United States is concerned, perhaps the most inportant result of the war is the magnificent new vision which it has brought to us. We can no longer look in only; we must look out also; and forever abandon the policy of exclusion and self-sufficiency which would otherwise prevent our taking the position amongst nations now open to us. Recent events have created greater opportunities and imposed greater obligations upon us than ever contemplated, and they cannot be shirked or dealt with inefficiently without serious injury to ourselves. The more inter-dependent nations become, the more certainly will peace be assured. Commerce is one of the best peacemakers.

Our foreign trade is smashing records at an astonishing rate. May merchandise exports touched $472,000,000, the largest by $61,000,000 since the previous high point in March. Imports were also the highest recorded, being $229,000,000, or $11,000,000 higher than in any preceding month. These figures leave a favorable balance for May of $243,000,000, which is also the largest ever recorded. No wonder the influx of gold continues in unexpected volume. About $110,000,000 in gold arrived during the past six weeks, with considerable more to follow. Much larger quantities of the precious metal would have come had it not been for successful manipulation of exchange by the British government; skillful mobilization of securities, and the placing of various loans and credits. It has been deemed wiser to send gold than to depreciate British holdings of American shares by pressing them too freely for sale. The disposition is to continue holding these securities as collateral for future loans. This policy is an important factor in strengthening the New York market, since it lessens fear of foreign liquidation; while the large influx of gold tends to ease the home money market and sustain security values. This country already possesses a fabulous sum of gold, and its domestic output is generally about $100000,000 a year; all of which enormously tends to strengthen the country's financial resources.

Summarizing the financial situation, we find the European war has been practically discounted as an immediate factor. The Mexican problem is also an influence largely discounted and of moderately disturbing potentialities,—the favorable turn of events on Thursday having caused considerable relief. Our crop situation, though backward, is promising because foreign scarcity insures the good prices and a good demand for whatever surplus we may have, especially as that surplus threatens to fall short of last year's big crop. A few days of warm weather will materially advance the agricultural position. The railroad situation is betting in several respects. A strong publi copinion is developing against radical action by the employes. Some of the roads will be aided by the Commerce Commission allowing an advance on Western lines, and most of the roads are reporting large earnings and excellent net results in spite of heavy expenses. Our foreign trade, as stated above, is breaking all records and presents no signs bof reaction. Western trade opinion is optimistic, and merchants are backing their opinions by action. Clearing house returns have for several weeks been running about 50 per cent ahead of last year. The gains are well distributed and, allowing the inflation of values, it is evident the volume of business is enormous. The political campaign is exceptionally free from disturbing issues. July disbursements will be unusually heavy, aggregating $292,000,000, or $13,500,000 more than a year ago. A number of concerns, both railroads and industrials, are resuming suspended dividends, while not a few are declaring extra dividends. The monetary outlook is very favorable in all sections of the country. Funds are abundant. Under such conditions, the prospect is for a good July investment demand. In view of recent liquidation, there is little or no reason for further indulgence of bearish apprehensions. The general outlook is bright and prices show a slightly improving tendency. Some liquidation may occur in anticipation of the holidays, since many operators will undoubtedly be absent from the city from Friday to Wednesday and much may happen in that interval. It must be remembered that the market is exposed to big new foreign bond issues when conditions are favorable; also that our own government may come into the market at any time for funds to finance a Mexican campaign. Fortunately, the Treasury is in good financial condition. Just how war with Mexico would be financed has not yet been determined; whether through increased taxes, short term obligations or issue of Panama Canal bonds. If necessary, all three of these resources can be tapped. Needless to say times are strenuous and the market is sensitive to daily happenings which are beyond any foresight. HENRY CLEWS.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 3,388 tons, Heilasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,873 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted, July 1, by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, July 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—38½c.

ROSIN—$4.75 and $4.60.

TAR—$2.30-10c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$2.50, $3.50, $2.50.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 38½c.; rosin, $2.85; tar, $1.70-8c..; crude turpentine, $2.50, $2.50, and $1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	1
Rosin	5
Tar	(—)
Crude Turpentine	15

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 6 casks; rosin, 66 barrels; tar, 2 barrels; crude turpentine, 6 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—12⅝c.; quotations same day last year, Nominal.

Reecipts—451 bales; same day last year, 208 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 203,518 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 274,826 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, July 2.)

SWEET POTATOES — Yams, 60c. to 65c. bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—80c.

CORN—$1.90 to $1.95 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 9c. to 11c.; good demand.

PORK—Small, 10c. to 11c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 20c.; first class washed wool, 35c.

HIDES — Green salt, 13c. to 14c.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 19c. to 20c.; sides and shoulders, 15c. to 16c. per pound; good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 50c. to 55c.; spring, 20c. to 30c. head.

EGGS—22c. to 23c. dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, July 2. — North Carolina Peanuts—Market, steady. Fancy hand picked, 70c; No. 1 machine picked, 65c per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—Market, steady. Jumbos, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Market steady; No. 1, small, machine picked, 80c; Jumbos, 75c per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., July 2.—Spanish—Farmers' stock—Market quiet, $1.05 per bu.

Virginias—Farmers' stock—Market, firm. Jumbo, 4c per lb.; Fancy hand picked, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 2½c. to 3c. per lb.

WILL RESTORE POSITIONS

Pay Militiamen Full Wages for Three Months and Care for Families.

Bristol, Tenn.-Va., July 2.—It was announced today by the Bristol Gas and Electric Co. that that company had received instructions from the Henry L. Dougherty & Co., of New York, owners, that any employes of that company belonging to the National Guard be paid their salary in full for three months and other arrangements would be made after that period to take care of their families, if the government needed them and at their discharge from service they would be given their former positions. This order, according to local officials, affects 140 operatons of Henry L. Dougherty & Co., throughout the South and East.

Kinston, N. C., July 2.—The rainfall in this section last month was 9 1-4 inches, constituting a June record, against 2.13 inches in the same month last year, according to an announcement by H. C. V. Peebles, local observer, today.

For a safe and sane Fourth, spend the day at Carolina Beach. Steamer Wilmington leaves 9 and 2:30.—Advertisement. 2t

WEEK'S REVIEW IN STOCKS

Mexican Situation Contributes to Lower Quotations—Trade Conditions Further Relaxed.

New York, July 2.—The market for securities enters on the last half of a memorable year under a serious handicap resulting chiefly from the relations between Washington and Mexico. That situation was almost the one subject of discussion and more than anything else contributed to lower quotations.

Some of the broader aspects of the Mexican controversy, including the possibility issue by the government occasioned much conjecture and were reflected in the relative heayiness of existing issues. Developments in the European conflict also bore pertinently upon proposed underwritings by our bankers for British and French interests.

There was almost a steady recession during the week in rates of exchange to Central Powers, while sterling and francs, particularly the latter, showed distinct improvement. There were additional imports of gold, mostly from Canada, with at least two direct shipments from London.

Although democratic, trade conditions indicated further relaxation from the high pressure of the first quarter's activity.

General business conditions continue eminently satisfactory and it is accepted that a second quarter of the United States Corporation will show earnings vastly in excess of all previous records.

Further abatement of Democratic inquiry for copper and other metals is seen in the heaviness of such shares, notwithstanding further increases of dividends.

The most favorable news of the week was contained in the remarkable statements of earnings disclosed by the big transportation companies. New York Central's combined net revenues for May of $6,297,000, were more than double those of last year, while the Pennsylvania's increase of slightly more than $4,000,000 was scarcely less impressive. Other roads reported net increases of 40 to 52 per cent.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Market Generally Quiet During the Week—Heavy Decline.

New Orlens, La., July 2.—With the exception of a short period of sensational activity on the closing session, last week was quiet in the local cotton market. Following the government reports on acreage and condition, the market broke at $2 a bale amid heavy trading. Weakness resulted from the unexpected bearish showing of the reports. Th market was highest on the opening session and lowest on the closing. At the best futures were five to six points over the previous week's close and at the lowest they were thirty-three to fifty under. The net change for the week was a loss of 32 to 49 points.

This week the market will be broken up by the holiday Tuesday and this may prevent much activity Monday. Bears were confident the influence of the government reports would extend into this week, but bulls believed they would be offset to a considerable extent by the reports of successes by the Entente Allies in Europe, in some quarters it is expected if these successes are continued, and indicate a speedy ending of the war, they will become the dominant factor in the cotton situation.

Fair weather likely will lead to sellwhile more rain will make talk of boll weevil damage and deterioration, as it is claimed that the crop in many sections of the belt is not clear enough to stand muc hmore moisture.

DR. W. W. DENNY DEAD

Probably the Oldest Practising Physician in Eastern Carolina.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., July 2.—The death at Pink Hill of Dr. W. W. Denny, 83, was reported here today. Dr. Denny was probably the oldest practicing physician in this part of North Carolina Death was due to general debility The funeral was held at Pink Hill, the local Masonic lodge participating.

Dr. Denny was one of the oldest living graduates of the University of Pennsylvania's medical college. Dr. R. H. Lewis, of Kinston, 84, is the oldest graduate of the institution now living. Dr. Denny was an honorary member of the State Medical Society and other organizations. He was a popular practitioner and an ideal character. He was a devout Christian.

One daughter, Mrs. L. F. Tyndall, of Lenoir county, survives him.

Carry the whole family to Carolina Beach and spend the Fourth. Steamer Wilmington leaves 9 and 2:30.—Advertisement. 2t

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of the Treasurer.

Wilmington, N. C., July 1st, 1916.

The Board of Directors of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent. on the Common Capital Stock of that Company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, Wilmington, N. C., to such stockholders as shall be registered on the books of the Company on Monday, June 19th, 1916, at three o'clock P. M. JAMES F. POST, Treasurer.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South.
New Sleeping Car Line Between Greensboro and Raleigh And Extension of Sleeping Car Between Winston-Salem and Morehead City and Beaufort.
Effective Sunday, June 25th, 1916.
Southern Railway announces inauguration new Sleeping Car Line between Greensboro and Raleigh, and extension of the present Winston-Salem-Raleigh Sleeping Car to Morehead City and Beaufort, making Winston-Salem-Morehead City-Beaufort Sleeping Car Line. The Winston-Salem-Morehead City-Beaufort car to be handled in connection with Norfolk Southern Railway from Goldsboro.
For details, address
J. O. JONES,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
je29-tf Raleigh, N. C.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

July 3, 1916.

Meteorological data for the day ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 75 degrees; at 8 P. M., 79 degrees; maximum, 85 degrees; minimum, 70 degrees; mean, 78 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, .00 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday, 7.4 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Local thunder showers on Monday; Tuesday, partly cloudy.

TROPICAL DISTURBANCE.

Washington, D. C., July 2. — Advisory message. Tropical disturbance central short distance north of Swan island, approximately in latitude 17 north and longitude 84 west, apparently moving north or northwest. (Swan island is some distance south of the extreme western end of Cuba.)

FRANKENFIELD.

The Port Calendar, July 3, 1916.

Sun rises	5:05 A. M.
Sun sets	7:27 P. M.
Day's length	14 hrs. 22 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	11:35	11:55	7:09	7:09
Southport	9:32	9:50	3:51	3:49
Masonboro Inl	9:21	9:39	3:31	3:29

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

July 2, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P.M.
Abilene	clear	96	—	.0
Asheville	cldy	84	62	.20
Atlanta	cldy	88	68	.0
Augusta	cldy	90	70	.42
Baltimore	cldy	86	—	.0
Birmingh	cldy	92	68	.0
Boston	cldy	86	—	.0
Charleston	cldy	86	76	.0
Charlotte	cldy	90	72	.0
Chicago	pt cldy	92	—	.12
Galveston	clear	86	78	.02
Jacksonv	cldy	90	74	.0
Memphis	cldy	90	—	.0
Mobile	rain	90	76	.44
Montgom'y	cldy	94	72	.0
New Orl	cldy	88	78	.0
New York	cldy	82	—	.0
Oklahoma	clear	90	—	.0
Palestine	pt cldy	88	68	.06
Pittsburg	rain	86	—	.26
Raleigh	cldy	82	70	.26
Savannah	cldy	90	74	1.32
Shreveport	clear	92	—	.6
St. Louis	clear	96	—	.0
Washing'n	cldy	88	—	.0

Excursion Fares
FROM WILMINGTON
OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

WASHINGTON	$16.00
BALTIMORE	$18.00
PHILADELPHIA	$22.80
NEW YORK	$26.00
BOSTON (Via Norfolk)	$30.50
ASHEVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
WAYNESVILEE, N. C.	$15.35
LAKE TOXAWAY, N. C.	$15.75
BREVARD, N. C.	$14.95
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
SALUDA, N. C.	$13.50
TRYON, N. C.	$13.20

Tickets on sale every day until Sept. 30, good to stop over; limited returning until Oct. 31.

$20.70—Montegle and Sewance, Tenn.
Account Opening Week University of the South. Tickets will be sold July 1 and 3, limited returning until July 30 and August 1, respectively.

FOURTH of JULY EXCURSION FARES
('Phone 160 for Particulars.)
Tickets on sale July 2, 3 and 4, limited returning until July 8.

$7.30—Chapel Hill, N. C.,
Account Summer School University of N. C. College. Tickets on sale July 3 and 10; limited returning August 1.

$18.60—Chattanooga, Tenn., and Lytle, Ga.,
Account National Military Training sale and limited returning as follows: July 2, limited August 10; July 3, limited August 11; July 4, limited August 12; July 5, limited August 13; July 9, limited August 13; July 10, limited August 13; July 11, limited August 13.

$20.70—Montegle and Sewance, Tenn.
Account Missionary Week, University of the South. Tickets will be sold July 11, limited returning until August 9.

$14.80—Baltimore, Md.,
Account Grand Lodge Elks (B. P. O. E.). Tickets on sale July 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9; limited returning July 19.

$30.05—Buffalo, N. Y.,
Account Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Imperial Council. Tickets on sale July 8, 9 and 10, limited returning until July 23.

$13.95—Atlanta, Ga.
Account All South Christian Endeavor Convention. Tickets on Sale July 11 and 12, limited returning until July 19.

$20.50—Cincinnati, O.,
Account International Rotary Clubs' Convention. Tickets on sale July 13, 14, 15 and 16; limited returning untily July 25.

$38.80—Moosehcart, Ill.
Account annual convention, Loyal Order of Moose of the World. Tickets will be sold July 15, 16 and 17, limited returning until July 27.

$20.25—Nashville, Tenn.,
Account Peabody College Summer School. Tickets on sale July 20, 22 and 24; limited returning until 15 days after date of sale.

$23.00—Louisville, Ky.
Account National Dental Association. Tickets will be sold July 21, 23, 24 and 25, limited returning until August 1.

$20.30—Nashville, Tenn.
Account Young People's Congress (Colored). Tickets will be sold July 31 and Aug. 1, limited returning until August 9.

$92.70—San Francisco, Cal.
$94.95—Portland, Oregon.
Tickets will be sold July 22 to 29, inclusive, limited returning until two months after date of sale.

$20.70—Montegle and Sewance, Tenn.
Account Monteagle Assembly and Music Festival. Tickets will be sold July 27 and 28 and August 5, 7, 10, 11 and 12, limited returning until Sept. 5.

$10.90—Savannah, Ga.,
Account Grand Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles. Tickets on sale August 12, 13 and 14; limited returning until August 31.

Proportionate Fares from Other Points on the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
'Phone 160.

BRAY BROTHERS
STOCKS & BONDS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

25 to 50 shares Cherryville Mfg. Co., Cherryville, N. C. This is a good cotton mill stock and getting better every day.

20 shares Southern Underwriters Insurance Co., of Greensboro, N. C.

Prices and Information On Application. Write Us a Line

WE BUY WHOLE ISSUES OF BONDS. WRITE US WHAT YOU HAVE FOR SALE.

HARPER LINE STEAMERS

SUMMER SCHEDULE.
Effective June 4th, 1916.
DAILY
Leaves Wilmington for Carolina Beach and Southport, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Leaves Southport, 11:45 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
SUNDAY SCHEDULE:
Leaves Carolina Beach Pier 6 P. M.
Leaves Southport, 11:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Leaves Carolina Beach Pier 12:30 and 6:00 P. M.
Please ship freight on 9:00 o'clock boat.
J. B. FOX, Agent.
je1-2mo.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Bulletin of Rounq-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

BALTIMORE, MD. On sale July 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9th; limited returning midnight July 19th.	$14.80
CHAPEL HILL STATION, N. C. On sale July 3, 10th; limited returning midnight August 1st.	$7.30
ASHEVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C.	$14.05
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
HICKORY, N. C.	$10.85
EDGEMONT, N. C.	$12.85
PINEOLA, N. C.	$10.30
LENOIR, N. C. Tickets on sale Daily until October 15th, limited returning Midnight October 31st	$11.85
LAKE JUNALUSKA, N. C.	$12.55
WAYNESVILLE, N. C. On sale July 9 to 14; July 19 to 24, inclusive; July 28 to August 1, inclusive; August 6 to 9, inclusive; limited returning midnight, July 26, August 18 and 28th.	$12.55
LOUISVILLE, KY On sale June 21, 23, 24 and 25; limited returning midnight, August 1st.	$23.00
ATLANTA, GA On sale July 11, 12; limited returning midnight, July 19th.	$13.95
MONTEAGLE, TENN	$20.70
NASHVILLE, TENN On sale June 31, Aug. 1; limited returning midnight, August 9th.	$20.30
BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C.	$9.90
RIDGE CREST, N. C. On sale June 27, 29 and 30th; July 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 and 28; August 1, 4, 14, 15 and 22nd; limited returning midnight 17 days after date of sale.	$9.90
NASHVILLE, TENN On sale July 20, 22 and 24th; limited returning 15 days from date of sale.	$20.25
MONTEAGLE, TENN	$20.70
SEWANEE, TENN On sale July 1, 3, 10, 11, 27, 28; August 5, 7, 10, 11 and 12th; limited returning midnight, July 30, August 1, 8, 9; Sept. 5.	$20.70
MOOSEHEART, ILL On sale July 15, 16, 17; limited returning midnight, July 27.	$38.80
CINCINNATI, OHIO On sale July 13, 14, 15, 16; limited returning midnight July 25.	$20.50
KNOXVILLE, TENN On sale July 1, 2, 8 and 15th; limited returning midnight 15 days following date of sale.	$15.70
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL On sale July 22 to 29; limit, two months.	$92.70
PORTLAND, ORE On sale July 22 to 29, inclusive; limit, two months.	$94.95
SAVANNAH, GA On sale August 12, 13 and 14; limited returning midnight, August 31st.	$10.90
BUFFALO, N. Y. On sale July 8, 9 and 10; limited returning midnight July 23rd.	$30.05
LYTLE, GA. (Near Chattanooga), and return, account National Military Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe. Tickets on sale during July and August. See ticket agent for limits and other information.	$18.60

For further information call Phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.
H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
mh23-tf

FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSION FARES.

The Atlantic Coast Line announces reduced excursion fares from all stations on its lines to nearly all destinations within a radius of approximately 350 miles from starting point. Tickets will be sold for use on the going trip on all trains of July 2, 3 and 4; limited returning to reach original starting point by or before midnight of July 8, 1916.

For fares, schedules, tickets and any desired information,

'PHONE 160.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
The Standard Railroad of the South.

BIG EXCURSION
WILMINGTON TO LAKE WACCAMAW AND RETURN, VIA
ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD,
THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1916.

Train leaves Wilmington 8:00 A. M., and leaves Lake Waccamaw, returning, 7:30 P. M.

Fare for the round trip, 75c.

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.
je23 to jy6

LOW RATE EXCURSION
WILMINGTON
TO
FAYETTEVILLE
Via
ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD
Wednesday, July 5, 1916.

Round trip fare from Wilmington only $1.25. Corresponding low rates from intermediate points. Train leaves Union Station 7:30 A. M., and returning will leave Fayetteville at 11:00 P.M.

T. C. WHITE,
General Pass. Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Mngr.

Read Star Business Locals.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective June 18, 1916. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 80 3:40 A.M. Daily except Sunday	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 81. 1:15 A.M. Daily except Monday
No. 51. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. 12:20 A.M. Daily.
No. 64. 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations	No. 65. 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. **Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains having Pilman service.**	Daily. No. 49. 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford. **Parlor cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.**	No. 52. 8:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62. 3:25 P.M. Daily. Except Sunday	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 62. 12:50 P.M. Daily. Except Sunday
No. 55. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. **Sleeping cars daily between Wilmington and Asheville.**	No. 54. 12:50 P. M. Daily.
No. 57 6:20 P. M. Sunday only	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 58 9:15 A. M. Sunday only
No. 59. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. Sat. and Sunday only	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations	No. 60. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs. Sat. and Sunday only
No. 42. 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A.M. Daily.
No. 68 7:30 P. M. Sunday only	Newbern and Intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 69 10:15 A. M. Sunday only

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1916

WEEK - DAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
6.15 A. M.	6.05 A. M.
6.55 A. M.	7.10 A. M.
7.25 A. M.	7.40 A. M.
8.00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until	8.15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
5.30 P. M.	5.45 P. M.
6.10 P. M.	6.20 P. M.
6.30 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until	6.50 P. M. 7.15 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	11.45 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington, and at Lumina.

BUSINESS MEN'S EXPRESS

Leaving Lumina daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 A. M., leaving Front and Princess streets daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 6:10 P. M., stopping at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
6.00 A. M.	7.05 A. M.
9.30 A. M.	12.15 P. M.
3.30 P. M.	6.15 P. M.
7.00 P. M.	8.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

SUNDAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
7.00 A. M.	6.40 A. M.
8.30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until	7.45 A. M. 9.15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	11.45 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
11.00 A. M.	12.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open 10 to 11 A. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

J. B. McCABE & CO.,
Certified Public Accountants
Room 815 Murchison Bank Bldg.
'Phone: 906. WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Wed., July 5th.
Steamship Cherokee, Sun., July 16th.
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Cherokee, Fri., July 7th.
Steamship Cherokee, Tues., July 18th.
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Cherokee, Wed., July 12th.
Steamship Cherokee, Sun., July 23rd.
Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.
CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Effective May 28th, 1916.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—3:55 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE WILMINGTON TO ATLANTA — ALL STEEL CARS. ON FRIDAYS, THROUGH SLEEPER TO BIRMINGHAM.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMINGTON:

No. 14—12:40 P. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE ATLANTA TO WILMINGTON — ALL STEEL CARS. THROUGH SLEEPER FROM BIRMINGHAM SATURDAY.

No. 20—12:10 A. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON. PASSENGERS MAY REMAIN IN SLEEPER UNTIL 7:00 A. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Building. 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A. H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A. Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Attractive Low Round Trip Fares
—VIA—
SOUTHERN RAILWAY

$17.45 GOLDSBORO, N. C., to LYTLE, Ga. (near Chattanooga), and return, account National Military Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe. Tickets on sale during April, May, June, July and August. See ticket agent for limits and other information.

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES FROM ALL other points, on same basis.

THE SOUTHERN SERVES THE SOUTH

O. P. YORK, T. P. A.,
mh16-tf Raleigh, N. C.

Str. A. P. HURT
Wilmington to Fayetteville
AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.
Freight and Passenger
SAILINGS: TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, 5:30 P. M.
PLANTERS' STEAMBOAT CO.,
S. M. King, Gen. Mgr.
'Phone 839. Wharf Foot of Chestnut st.

GREAT QUANTITIES OF ARMY SUPPLIES PASS

Fast A. C. L. Passenger Trains Carrying Box Cars.

Uncle Sam Says the Supplies Must Go and He is Given the Quickest Possible Route—Rocky Mount News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Rocky Mount, N. C., July 2.—It doesn't matter how it looks Uncle Sam has said they must go, and go they must, is the way railroad officials explain the phenominal scene of several box cars trailing along after the engine in some of the faster through passenger trains. Shipments of munitions, foodstuffs and the like are being handled in the dozen carload lots from the War Department to the various state camps and they all go along via the very fastest possible route because the United States government has said carry them that way.

It is no uncommon sight during the past several days to see from one to a half a dozen freight cars a part of the equipment of the fast New York and Florida trains and they are always bound for one of the units of the soldiery now in camp or soon to move to the front. Incidentally the cars are handled with great speed and out of Washington City or Baltimore at bedtime tonight the cars are ready to be unloaded at Camp Glenn or the Virginia or South Carolina camps early in the morning.

With the creation of the position of a whole time health officer and meat and milk inspector by the city of Rocky Mount, Dr. J. C. Braswell, Jr., has been elected to the position and is expected to enter upon his duties at some early date. Dr. Braswell has for the past year and a half been identified with the public health work and upon his election here this city draws from Nash county its whole time health officer. Dr. Braswell has tendered his resignation to the Nash commissioners in view of the more lucrative position here and he expects to enter upon his duties just as soon as he may be relieved of those that he is now holding in Nash county.

One of the biggest picnics of Independence day in this section and probably the largest gathering of followers of the Presbyterian faith are expected at Riverside park on Tuesday, next, when six Sunday schools from over Nash and Edgecombe counties will gather for a big basket picnic. The Sunday schools which are to participate include that of the First Presbyterian church this city, the Bethlehem, Joyners Juvenile, Powells and Union Hill. The total membership of all being in excess of 750 members.

A committee on arrangements have selected the attractive Riverside park because of the natural beauty there and the fact that there are few places in many scores of miles that is so well suited. There are planned for the ay contests in racing, athletic avents and singing contests while addresses will be made by Dr. W. D. Morton, pastor of the First Methodist church; Rev. H. N. McDermid, the mission pastor, and Rev. Livingston Johnson, pastor of the First Baptist church.

After an extreme illness of several weeks, during which all known to medical skill and science was done for her Margaret Francis Jones, 2 1-2 year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Jones, died last night at their home No. 309 Nash street.

WHAT PUBLIC LIBRARY MEANS TO WILMINGTON

(Continued From Page Five.)

passed by the aldermen, commodious quarters were fixed up in the City Hall and provision made for the upkeep of the institution. Wilmington had a public library in every sense of the word.

"On the night of November 30, 1906, the books 1,700 in number, were formally presented to the city by the president of Sorosis, Miss Margaret Gibson, who has labored most assiduously for the best interests of the library since its beginning. The mayor of the city, Col. A. M. Waddell, accepted the books on behalf of the city, the books having been carefully cataloged by a trained librarian.

"The board of trustees, which at first was composed of six members, two of whom were women, is now composed of three members. The number was changed under the commission form of government. Capt. Eugene S. Martin, Mr. Swift Boatwright and Miss Margaret Gibson constitute the membership of the present excellent board. Miss Gibson has been on the board continuously since the foundation of the institution. The public library has been fortunate in having excellent librarians, who have labored incessantly for the best interests of the institution's patrons. Miss Alice LeGrand is at present the efficient chief librarian, and has as her capable assistants Misses Meta LeGrand and Emma Woodward."

TOWN OF FRICOURT HAS FALLEN TO THE BRITISH

(Continued From Page One).

has fallen into our hands. Thanks to the complete and extreme efficacious preparation an dthanks also to our infantry, our losses have been very small.

"On the north Verdun front there has been no infantry action. A vigorous bombardment has been maintained in the region of hill 304 and in the Fleury and Damloup sectors. We have set on fire three captive balloons in the Verdun region.

"Sergeant Charnat has brought down his fifth German aeroplane which crashed to earth near Peronneon the night of the first. One of our air squadrons dropped 48 shells on the railroad station at Longuyon and eight on the station at Thiaonville. Another squadron dropped 33 bombs on the station at Brieulles. Our aviators bombarded today the railroad stations at Anagne and Louquy in the Ardenas. Sixty bombs struck buildings and railroads and a train was destroyed.

"The Germans have dropped bombs of very large size in the neighborhood of Nancy and others near Belfort. An ene myair squadron hurled several bombs on the open town of Luneville. This is noted in view of reprisals."

A statement issued earlier in the day said.

"North of the Somme the fighting was fierce during the night. The Germans launched violent counter attacks against our new positions at the approaches to Hardecourt. Our curtains of artillery fire, and infantry fire inflicted important losses upon the enemy, who was forced to retreat in disorder, leaving in our hands 200 prisoners, of whom six were officers.

"Pursuing our advantage upon the right bank of the river, we captured after spirited fighting the village of Curlu, which we have entirely occupied.

"South of the Somme we have maintained all the positions conquered by us yesterday and accomplished some progress between Herbecourt and Assevilliers, during the night.

"The receipt of new information brings the total number of unwounded Germans captured by French troops yesterday to more than 5,000. (Tonight's statement increased the number to 6,000).

"Between the Oise and the Aisne we took prisoner a German patrol which attempted to reach our lines near Bailly.

"In the Champagne we effected numerous reconnaissances on the enemy's front. Several of the party succeeded in penetrating the opposing trenches which were cleared out with hand grenades. We took 15 prisoners.

"On the right bank of the Meuse a German attack launched last evening upon our positions to the northeast of the woods of Avocourt succeeded in penetrating the advance elements of our trenches, but was completely driven back by our counter attack.

"On the slopes of Le Mort Homme, we effected an entirely successful coup de main. In the course of the fighting, which took place in the enemy's trenches, fifty Germans were killed, a score were brought back into our lines an dtwo machine guns also captured.

"On the right bank several feeble attacks by the enemy upon the Thiaumont work in which we are established, were easily respulsed. In this region a strong German force which hurled itself against our first line elements was dispersed after having sustained high losses. We took 16 prisoners, of who mtwo were officers. On the front west and south of Vaux there is great artillery activity on both sides."

ALLIES PENETRATE GERMAN TRENCHES, SAYS BERLIN REPORT

Berlin, via London, July 2.—In the great Anglo-French offensive, begun yesterday along a front of 25 miles to the north and south of the river Somme, the German official statement issued today says the Entente Allied troops were successful in penetrating the German first line trenches at several points. The German division defending these trenches ,it is added, had to be withdrawn to other prepared positions.

From Gomme court to La Boiselle, the communication says, the British and French sustained very heavy losses and obtained no advantages worth mentioning. The statement follows:

"Western Theatre: The Great Britain and French offensive in mass attack, which had been extensively prepared for many months past, began yesterday after strong artillery and gas preparation lasting six days, over a front of 25 miles on both sides of the river Somme and likewise the Ancre brook.

"From Gomme court to the region of La Boiselle the enemy obtained no advantage worthy of mention. He sustained, however, very heavy losses.

"On the other hand, he was successful in penetrating at several points the first line trenches of our lines, and both banks of the Somme and was able to advance. This division had to be withdrawn from the heavily shelled first line trenches into the positions arranged for checking an advance from the first to the second lines. The material in the first lines, which was immovable and which had been rendered useless, as is customary in such cases, was lost.

"With these extensive operations, there were many artillery actions and numerous attacks on the adjoining front to the west and southeast of Tahure. They were everywhere unsuccessful.

"On the left bank of the Meuse at Hill 304 French trench sections were captured and a French hand grenade attack was repulsed.

"To the east of the Meuse the enemy, with the aid of strong reinforcements, repeated his attacks.

"The enemy's artillery service displayed great activity. Our squadrons gave battle at various points and inflicted upon him heavy losses. For instance in the region of the front attacked and in that of the Meuse fifteen enemy aeroplanes were shot down, eight English and three French machines falling within our lines. Lieut. Baron Von Althaus put out of action his sevent opponent. We lost no aeroplanes but some pilots or observers were wounded.

"Eastern Theatre: Army of General Von Linstsen—The attack is going forward. The number of prisoners has been increased by seven officers and 1,410 men. At various points enemy counter attacks were easily repulsed.

"Army of General Bothmer—German and Austro-Hungarian troops stormed the hill of Vorobijowka, a height southwest of Harnopol, which recently had been occupied by the Russians and took from the enemy seven officers and 891 men. Seven machine guns and mine throwers were captured.

"Balkan Theatre: There is nothing to report."

ROME CLAIMS THE ITALIANS HAVE MADE FURTHER GAINS

Rome, via London, July 2. — Continuing their offensive in the Trentino, the Italians have begun an attack on the Austrian fortified positions between Zugna Totya and Foppiano, says the Italian official statement issued today. The Austrians were driven from sections of trenches north of Pedescala, the statement adds, and some more trenches were carried between Selz and Monfalcone. In the latter battle 196 Austrians were taken prisoner. The statement follows:

"Between the Adige and the Brenta we are continuing our offensive vigorously. In the Vallarsa our infantry has begun an attack on the lines strongly held by the enemy between Zugna Totya and Foppiano.

"Our artillery is shelling Fort Pozzacchio.

"On the Pasubio the enemy is offering stubborn resistance from his fortified positions, Monte Spil and Cosmagnon.

"Along the Posina-Astico line we are completing the conquest of Monte Majo and occupied the southern side of Monte Zeluggio.

"In the trenches north of Pedescala we attacked and rove out the enemy, who left behind his arms and ammunition.

"On the Asiago plateau we had skirmishes with detachments of the enemy on the northern side of Assa valley.

"There was nothing of importance of the remainder of the front, as far as the Carso.

"In the sector between Selz and Monfalcone, we brilliantly carried some trenches and took 196 prisoners. A counter attack was repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy.

"Eenemy air craft dropped bombs on Marostica, and on various places in the lower Isonzo region. No one was killed. Very slight damage was done."

HEAVY FIGHTING REPORTED IN THE BRITISH STATEMENT

London, July 3.—British general headquarters reports tonight as follows:

"Heavy fighting has taken places today in the area between the Ancre and the Somme, especially about Fricourt and LaBoisselle.

"Fricourt was captured by our troops about 2 p. m. and remains in our hands, and some progress has been made east of the village.

"In the neighborhood of LaBoiselle, the enemy is offering stubborn resistance but our troops are making satisfactory progress. A considerable quantity of war material has fallen into our hands, but details are not available.

"On either side of the valley of the Ancre the situation is unchanged. The general situation may be regarded as favorable. Later information of enemy's losses show that our first estimates were too low.

"Yesterday our aeroplanes were very active in co-operation with our attack north of the Somme and afforded valuable assistance. Numerous enemy headquarters and railway centers were attacked with bombs.

"In one of these raids our escorting aeroplanes were attacked by 20 Fokkers which were driven off. Two enemy machines were seen to crash to earth and were destroyed.

"Some long distance reconnaissances were carried out in spite of numerous attempts by enemy machines to frustrate the attacks. Three of our aeroplanes are missing. Our kite balloons were in the all the whole day."

AUSTRIAN POSITIONS ARE TAKEN UNDER RUSSIAN STORM

Petrograd, via London, July 2.—General Letchitzky's army after intense fighting has captured by storm the Austrian positions in the region west of Kolomea, in Galicia, says the Russian official statement issued tonight. The statement adds that up to the present 2,000 prisoners have been taken in this sector. The statement follows:

"In the region west of Kolomea the army of General Letchitzy, after intense fighting, took by storm the eneby positions. Up to the present we have taken 2,000 prisoners from the fresh troops brought to this region. The greatest number were intoxicated.

"In Volhynia the enemy continues to make desperate attacks. The offensive of the Germans between the rivers Styr and the Stokhod in the region of the village of Koptche and Zobary, was repulsed.

"A series of fresh enemy attacks southwest of Kiselin-Zubilno-Kochev were repulsed. The enemy's columns were put to flight with heavy losses. The fugitives have been destroyed in masses, but, reinforced by reserves, the enemy is making fresh attacks which so far have been repulsed.

"Caucasion front: East of Plantana we captured by a brilliant attack a chain of mountains which had been fortified by the Turks. The enemy was repulsed beyond the river Samsoon Darassi. He left behind many corpses on his positions.

"In the direction of Gumischlor an attempt by the Turks to advance to the north was repulsed and the enemy driven back to their trenches. In the direction of Baiburt our advance guards took the Turks in the rear during the night on a height in the region of Vartania. In a bayonet attack our soldiers hurled the Turks from the top of a mountain down a precipice and returned safely to their trenches.

"In the direction of Bagdad in the Kering region, pressure by important enemy forces continues."

TOWN OF FRICOURT TAKEN BY THE BRITISH FORCES

London, July 2. — Fricourt, a town three miles east of Albert, the scene of desperate fighting between the British and Germans since the Entente Allied offensive was begun yesterday morning had been captured by the British, according to an official statement issued this evening. The announcement says:

"Substantial progress has been in the vicinity of Fricourt, which was captured by us at two o'clock today.

"Up to noon today some 800 more prisoners had been taken in the operations between Ancre and the Somme, bringing the total up to 3,000, including those captured on other parts of the front last night."

FRENCH TAKE SECOND LINE TRENCHES SOUTH OF SOMME

Paris, July 2. — South of the Somme, the French have forced their way into the second line of the German entrenchments at a number of places and have captured the village of Friz and the Mereaucourt wood, according to an official statement issued by the French war office tonight. The number of unwounded prisoners taken in the two days' battle now is stated to be more than 6,000.

"HOME GUARD" DISCUSSED

New Bern Elks Ready to Organize Should it be Necessary.

(Special Star Correspondence).

New Bern, N. C., July 2.—While no definite action toward organizing has yet been made, it is understood that the members of the New Bern lodge of Elks would be willing to organize a company of "Home Guards" should the necessity for such arise and the members have already talked this over.

At present there is a company of the North Carolina Naval Militia here, but, in case of war, these men would be called away, without doubt, in less than two weeks.

Three government boats are located here but the combined crews of these and, incidentally the boat having the largest crew, the coast guard cutter, is away from port more than half of the time, they would not be able to make much of a showing in case their help was really needed, their number being too small.

There are a number of men who are members of the local lodge of Elks who are acquainted with military tactaics and they would be in a position to make a good showing should the company be formed and was called to do service.

Whiteville, N. C., July 2.—Returns today from the county officers voted for in yesterday's primary in Columbus show that Mackan wins for the General Assembly over Powell by 87 votes, while J. O. Ammons defeats Sheriff Best for renomination by 26 votes. The commissioners elected are C. D. Harrelson, J. B. Pierce and J. C. Stanley by various majorities.

Richmond, Va., July 2.—A telegram was received here tonight from Major General Leonard Wood, commanding the Department of the East, ordering that no preparations be made to entrain troops for the border until after the Fourth of July. The First regiment was to have entrained early on Tuesday.

For a safe and sane Fourth, spend the day at Carolina Beach. Steamer Wilmington leaves 9:00 and 2:30.
(Advertisement).

GENERAL BUSINESS OF THE COUNTRY IS GOOD

(Continued From Page One).

all department of trade and industry is reported from the Philadelphia district where manufacturers are complaining of a shortage of labor, particularly female labor, for mill work. Coal mines are working at 75 per cent. capacity.

The steel situation in the Cleveland district is said to be virtually unchanged, but the movement of iron ore into lower lake ports promises to make a new yearly record. Automobile and rubber factories are doing an enormous business.

There is no perceptible decrease in business in the Chicago district, where labor is well employed and a number of strikes have been settled.

Hardware, boots and shoes, dry goods and allied industries all show gains in the St. Louis District.

A growing unrest in labor organizations is reported from Kansas City. There is a serious shortage of harvest hands and Kansas alone must import 45,000 men.

In a considerable portion of the southwest, crop conditions are unfavorable says the report from Dallas. It is estimated that 75 per cent. of the farms have not been planted or will have to be replanted.

Wine grape growers in the San Francisco district are being offered the highest prices in eight years, and packers of dried fruit are paying record prices.

ANGLO-FRENCH ARE COMBINING FORCES

(Continued From Page One).

The destructions of six German observation balloons by British airmen early in the week evidently was a serious loss as none has been replaced. It was noticeable that the British aeroplanes over the battle field greatly outnumbered the German machines.

Indignation was expressed by both the British and the French staffs over the statement in today's German wireless communication that a British air raid over Lille had bombed the Church of Saint Saveur. The statement was freely branded by the officers as a lie. Lillle, it was pointed out, has been within reach of the British heavy guns for a year without a bombardment and that the Entente Allied machine bombed only railroad stations and military points and continued to do so.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

WANTED — TO BUY SOME CHEAP second hand bicycles. Queen City Cycle Co., 209 Market street. 'Phone 862. ap30-tf

FOR SALE — ONE REFRIGERATOR, white enamel lined; holds one hundred pounds of ice. One ten-inch electric fan, in first class condition. Apply to 104 Queen street. jy3-1t*

YOUNG MARRIED MAN WANTS POsition where hard, conscientious work means promotion. Four years' experience corporation book-keeping. Best references from present employers or from Wilmington. Believe in Wilmington, and wish to live there. Address "Ability," care Star. jy3-1t*

FOR RENT — AN APARTMENT COMpletely furnished; kitchen, with gas range and sink. Permanent. Rent reasonable. 119 Orange street; 'phone 1767-J. jy3-1t*

BIRD DOGS — I HAVE FOR SALE LITter of English Setter Puppies, whelped June 1st, from the best trained dogs in this section of the State. Can be seen at 16 Queen street. Color: black and white. Prices reasonable. jy2-tf

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM COTTAGE AT Winter Park; water, sewerage and lights; located on highest spot in Park; just a hundred yards from station, between shell road and car line. Lot 99x240 feet. Has large barn, servants' quarters, and fruit trees. Address "Cottage," care Star. mh 23-tf

BARGAIN — IN ONE HEAVY PAIR mules, suitable for logging. Are in good condition and will do good wok. Price, $240.00. Address "Bargain," car Star. je27-7t

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS SALESman traveling the Carolinas, to take a high grade 5c. Havana cigar as a side line, on commission. Thomas Warters, Rome, Ga. je27-15t

DID YOU READ "THREE WEEKS," by Eleanor Glyn? You should read her latest one: "The Career of Katherine Bush," now running in the Cosmopolitan Magazine. 'Phone your orders to 745. Gordon Bros. my24-tf

WANTED—A GOOD ALL-ROUND TINner and slater; one who knows something about furnace work preferred; good wages to right man; must be sober. Apply to W. K. Dennis, Durham, N. C. je30-4t*

FOR SALE — ONE NICE SIX-ROOM cottage in the town of Fuquay Springs, and is located near the spring; also one business lot on Main street, near the spring. Will sell on easy terms. Address R. L. Smith, Kennebec, N. C. je29-7t*

DON'T WAIT. HAVE YOUR ROOF repaired and painted now. Prices right. 'Phone 431. Guaranteed work. Have a lot of good paint on hand. W. B. Klander; No. 8 South Second St. je28-tf

REOPENED WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28— Chestnut Street Market Co. Full line of high grade Western and native meats. Fresh vegetables every morning. Country eggs and young chickens. Cut prices on all goods. 'Phone No. 194. G. E. Tilley, Mgr.; 809 Chestnut street. je27-tu,f,su-tf

WANT TO CONTRACT — I AM PREpared to contract to take from one thousand to four thousand live hogs, weighing from fifty to three hundred pounds; delivery to begin October 1st, and thereafter to suit the seller, until March 1st, 1917. Parties wishing to contract, address Wm. E. Worth, Wilmington, N. C. je15-th,su-tf

FOR SALE — 1,000 TONS 7 1-2 PER cent prime cotton seed meal, at a very low price. Wire me, collect, if you are interested; I can sell you. V. B Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. mh9-tf

NOTICE — TO THE TRAVELING PUBlic, that we have the most complete line of leather suit cases and hand bags; also trunks, in the city, at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, No. 6 South Front st.; 'Phone 642. my10-tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets, tied up in neat bundles and for sale at this office, 10 cents per hundred. mh 23-tf

QUALITY PRINTING; FACSIMILE EMbossing and engraving; multigraphing, typewriting; Notaries Public. Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe 17-tf

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY earn a good, steady income corresponding for newspapers. We will suggest subjects. No experience required. Address Press Correspondents' Bureau, Washington, D. C. je27-11t*

SWEET CREAM AND MILK FOR SALE —Pine Grove Dairy Farm. Adolph G. Ahrens, proprietor. 'Phone 936. my28-tf*

FOR RENT — SEVERAL 6-ROOM brick apartment houses, $18.00 per month; Eighth street near Grace; also 6-room cottages in Polvogt ave. (Grace between 8th and 9th streets) for $11.00; water and sewerage free. Apply to C. W. Polvogt. jy2-2t

LOST — A PLATINUM STICK PIN, SET with a pearl. Reward will be paid if returned to Mrs. J. F. Farley, Station No. 5, Wrightsville Beach. jy2-4t*

FOR RENT—LARGE WELL FURNISHed bed room in modern home; all convenience, and in select neighborhood. Steam heated in winter. "Permanent" care Star. jy 2-3t*

LOW PRICES ON FRESH NATIVE meats; loin steak, round and porterhouse, 20 cents pound; good roast, 15 cents; chuck steak, 15 cents; rib stew, 12 cents; western pork chops, 22 1-2 cents. Sliced Bacon, 30 cents pound. Phone 495. R. L. Burton, Sixth and Nixon streets. je28-w,su,-tf

BARGAIN SALE—THE ENTIRE STOCK of Joseph Berbary, 24 S. Front street, to be sold in 10 days. This sale will start Saturday, July 1st. jy 1-3t*

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE AT Winter Park; water and sewerage. Telephone 669-1, or apply E. G. Hall, Winter Park. jy 1-6t

FOR SALE — CHEVROLET AUTOMObile. In perfect condition; only used six weeks. Apply Einstein Bros., Front and Grace. je27-tf

WANTED — TIRED, HOT, SWEATY feet, to be treated with E Z Feet. Highly antiseptic and results guaranteed. At all drug stores, 15 cents. je25-tf

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN TYPEWRITers. Factory rebuilt and second hand. Supplies for all machines. Mail orders given prompt attention. Write for prices on anything you need in the typewriter line. Satisfaction guaranteed. B. W. Thacker, 814 Murchison Bank Building. je18-tf

SALESMAN WANTED—BL A WHOLEsale tailoring house selling made to measure clothes on the road direct to the consumer. Give references, past experience and territory acquainted. Salary and commission. Address, Mr. Middleman, sales manager, Miller Bldg., Eutaw and Franklin, Baltimore, Md. je25-su,mo,thu. 5t

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK—EXTRA LARGE spring chickens, dressed or alive, 3 for $1.00. Extra nice native beef roast, very best cuts, 20c lb.; good veal and pork; all kinds of early fresh vegetables. Call us up or come in and see. We have the goods and prices to suit all. Batson's Meat Market 115 Market street. Phone No. 72. jy 1-tf

WE WILL SELL FORD SIZES AUTOmobile tires; first quality, 30x3 casing, $8.55; 30x3 1-2 casing, $11.10; 30x 3 tube, $2.05; 30x3 1-2 tube, $2.40. T. D. Piner; No. 113 North Second st. je28-7t

POTOMAC ACADEMY OPEN FOR SUMmer boarders. Large, cool rooms, electric lights, bath rooms, hot and cold water. Excellent mountain climate, attractive scenery, good fare, reasonable rates. Address Box 12, Romney, W. Va. je27-10t*

New Interest Quarter

Deposits made on or before July 3rd will draw 4% Compound Interest from July 1st.

American Bank & Trust Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus - $1,650,000.00
Resources - - - - - 8,000,000.00

This Bank stands ready to furnish customers every facility and best possible service.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. W. YATES, V. Prest. — J. V. GRAINGER, V. Prest.
C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier. — M. F. ALLEN, Asst. Cash.
W. S. JOHNSON, Asst. Cash. — J. V. GRAINGER, Jr., Asst. Cash.

IMPROVED SERVICE WEST VIA. C&O

TWO NEW FAST TRAINS

Lv. Richmond	2:00 P.M.	7:00 P.M
Lv. Charlottesville (Union Station)	5:30 P.M.	9:49 P.M.
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Ar. Louisville	10:35 A.M.	2:45 P.M.
Ar. Chicago	5:15 P.M.	8:15 P.M.
Ar. St. Louis	6:20 P.M.	8:00 P.M.
Ar. Toledo		6:50 P.M.
Ar. Detroit		8:42 P.M.
	Next day.	Next day.

Close connection at Richmond with S. A. L. Train No. 4 and Charlottesville with Southern Railway Train No. 36, for all points West.

SLEEPING CARS AND DINING CARS.

For reservations and information, ask Agent, or write
H. B. CULLEN, T. P. A. — JNO. D. POTTS, G. P. A.
RICHMOND, VA.

STACKS, TANKS, BOILERS, PUMPS.
GAS AND STEAM ENGINE REPAIRS.
REPAIRS FOR MILLS, HOTELS AND PUBLIC WORKS.
OUR FOUNDRY MAKES ALL KINDS of IRON, BRASS and ALUMINUM CASTINGS.

Cape Fear Machine Works

'PHONE: 213. — WILMINGTON, N. C.

GASOLINE

IN GALVANIZED IRON BARRELS.

JOBBERS, 24 CTS. — CONSUMERS, 25 CTS.

F. O. B. Wilmington.

We Paying Return Freight on Empty Barrels.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

DON'T FORGET TO ORDER CARBONLESS AUTOIL.

NEW FICTION

THE GOLDEN WOMAN ... by Ridgewell Cullum
JUST DAVID ... Rby Eleanor Porter
THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING ... by Meredith Nicholson
THE DAREDEVIL ... by Maria Thompson Daviess
THE GOLDEN HOPE ... by Grace Stanton Mason
INSTEAD OF THE THORN ... by Clara Louise Burnham
AND HUNDREDS THAT WE HAVEN'T SPACE TO MENTION.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

'PHONE 651 — 101 PRINCESS ST.

VICTROLAS

We Have Them to Suit Any Purse From

$15 to $200

Sold On Easy Terms

Come in, select the one you want and let us send it up.

Then a small amount invested in records occasionally, and before you know it it you have a collection that will be a pleasure to you and your friends continually.

C. W. Yates Co.

117 Market Street

CASH PAID FOR BEESWAX

28 cts. per lb., f. o. b. Steamer at Wilmington, with through B. L. to

W. H. BOWDLEAR

220 Devonshire Street, Boston, Mass.

COTTON

CONSIGN COOPER COTTON

W. B. COOPER & CO.

Wilmington, N. C.

A quiet Fourth at Carolina Beach. Steamer Wilmington leaves at 9:00 and 2:30.
(Advertisement).